I. 1. Political Analysis: Meaning, Scope and Significance
   2. Earlier Approaches and Modern Approaches Normasism
   3. Empiricism
   4. Fact-Value Dichotomy
   5. Elements of Scientific Method

II. 1. Political Systems: Types – Similarities and Differences
     2. Classification of Political Systems – Aristotle Weber and Dahl

III. 1. Behaviouralism: Growth of Behavioural Movement
      2. Meaning of behaviouralism
      3. Characteristics of Behaviouralism
      4. Limitations of Behaviouralism
      5. Post- Behaviouralism
      6. A critique of Behaviouralism

IV. 1. Power: Meaning, Significance of the Study of Power
     2. Difference between Power and Authority
     3. Logitimacy and Influences
     4. Measurement of Power
     5. Lass well’s contribution to the study

V. 1. Different Approaches to the study of Politics – Structural – Functional Approach
    2. Contribution of Almond and Others
    4. Theory of Political Development – Fred Riggs and Others

Text Books:
1. J. Charlesworth : Contemporary Political Analysis (Chapters 5,6,7,12,13 &15 excluded)
2. R. Dhal : Modern Political Analysis
3. S.P. Varma : Modern Political Theory

Reference Books:
1. S.M. Lipset (Ed.) : Politics and the Social Sciences
2. Van Dyko : Political Science – A Philosophical Analysis
1. Hobbies
2. Locke
3. Rousseau
4. Burka
5. Bent ham and J.S. Mill
6. Hegel, Green and Marx
7. Russell, Rawls and Popper

Books:

1. Dunning : History of Political Theories
2. Sabine : History of Western Political Thought
3. Mulford Q. Siblay : Political Ideas and Ideologies
4. S.P. Varma : Modern Political Theory
Paper-III: THEORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS  
(w.e.f. 2002-03 admitted batch)

I. a) Emergency of International Relations as a subject of academic study  
b) Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics

II. a) Impact of Science, Technology and New weapons on International Politics  
b) Realism and Idealism in International Politics  
c) Hans Morgenthau’s Theory of International Politics – Statement of the Theory – Evaluation and Criticism

III. a) Systems Theory – Mortan Kaplan’s Systems Theory – Evaluation and Criticism  
b) Theories of Transformation of the International System – Tony bee, Spengier and Samuel Huntington and Paul Kennedy  
c) Game Theory

b) Theory and Balance of Power – Meaning – Assumptions, Limitations  
c) National Interest

V. a) Foreign policy and Diplomacy – Definition of Foreign policy, Objectives and Goals Foreign policy – Meaning of Diplomacy, Its Relevance in the nuclear age  
b) The Concept of Collective security – Meaning, Development of the idea of collective security and its application under the U.N.O.  
c) Disarmament and Arms Control Nuclear Disarmament – Principles – CTT & NPT


Text Books:
1. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspects of International Relations  
2. H. Morganthau : Politics among Nations (Parts III to V)  
3. John Garnett : Common Sense and International Politics  
4. R.O. Keohane : Neo-Realism and its Critics  
5. Stephen Krasner : International Regimes

Reference Books:
1. J.W. Burton : International Relations – A General Theory  
2. Kenneeth Waltz : Man – The State and War  
3. Stanley Noffmen : International Relations  
4. Samuel P. Huntington : Clash of Civilizations  
5. Paul Kennedy : Rise and fall of the Great Powers
Paper IV: INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER APPLICATIONS
(With effect from 2002-2003 Admitted batch)

2. M.S. DOS and Fundamentals
3. M.S. Office – Word and Excel
4. M.S. Power Point
5. INTERNET Fundamentals – Internet Browsing – Downloading INFO.

References:

1. M.S. Office – Pustak Mahal, New Delhi
2. DOS, M.S. Office etc. for Dummies – New Delhi
3. SSI, CD series on Office, Excel, Word and Power Point
UNIT-I : The evolution of the field of Political Sociology and Approaches to the Study. Meaning, Nature and Scope

UNIT-II : The Social framework and the political system in India family, religious associations trade unions, educational institutions, etc.

UNIT-III : Social asymmetries and Politics in India: Social Stratification, Caste and Class: ethnic communal, language and regional differentiations, the rural-urban divide; masses and social mobility, leadership, State power and Social/groups and formations. Forms of political dissent and protests.

(Political articulation)

UNIT-IV : Political Socialization – agents/and stages of socialization. Political culture – Parameters and varying dimension of Political culture Relationship between / political Socialization and Political culture. Political/ communication Patterns of communication, channels of communication, media. Elites-Political and bureaucratic. Role of Political Ideology.

UNIT-V : Power, Authority, Legitimacy, Society, State and Politics in contemporary India.

Books:
1. A.K. Mukhopadya : Political Sociology
2. Ashraf and Sharma : Political Sociology
3. Anil Bhatt : Caste, Class and Politics
4. Andrew Effrat : Perspective in Political Sociology
5. Rajni Kothari (ed.) : Caste in Indian Politics
6. Rudolph & Rudolph : The Modernity of Tradition: Political Development in India
7. M.N. Srinivas : Social change in Modern India
8. Akhter Majjee : Regionalism and Development Tensions in India
9. A.R. Desai : Recent Trends in National India
10. Anil Bhatt : Development and Social Justice
11. Human : Political Socialization
12. Rajani Kothari : State and Nation-Building
I. INTRODUCTION
1. Political implication in South Asian religions
2. Hinduism in Nepal. Islam in Pakistan and Bangladesh
3. Hinduism in India
4. Islam in India
5. Buddhism in Sri Lanka
6. Emerging patterns

II. INDIA – POLITICS OF RELIGIOUS POPULISM
1. Religious revivalism at the close of 19th and the first decade of the 20th century
2. Religious symbolism of extremist phase of Indian Nationalism
3. Muslim league
4. Khalifat Movement
5. Gandhi on religion and Politics
6. Hindu Maha Sabha and the Jan Sangh parties

III. INDIA CONTINUED
1. Congress verses Muslim League, 1935-1937
2. Muslim Mass Contact Campaign: Analysis of a strategy of Political mobilisation
3. Early Congress, Hindu Populism and the wider society
4. B.J.P. and Hinduthva Nationalism
5. Hindu Code Bill and related issues
6. Uniform Civil Code

IV. PAKISTAN AND BANGLADESH
1. Two Nation’s theory
2. Religious Political parties in Pakistan and Bangladesh
3. Islam and National integration in Pakistan and Bangladesh
4. Problems of Muslim Family Laws
5. Islam as a factor in the foreign policy of Pakistan and Bangladesh
6. Islam in Fundamental Rights

V. BUDDHISM
1. Buddhism as a source of Indian thought – Classical and Modern
2. Neo-Buddhism in Modern Indian Politics
3. Buddhist Revolution in Sri Lanka
4. Political role of Buddhist Monks in Sri Lanka
5. Buddhism in the Politics of Sri Lanka
6. Buddhist reorganization in Sri Lanka

Books:
1. Donald E. Smith : South Asian Politics and religion
2. Sission Nolper (ed.) : Congress and Indian Nationalism
3. Paul Andher Schilpp : The Philosophy of Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan
   (Chapters 12,14,19)
4. Thomas Pantham : Political Thought in Modern India (Introduction)