# ANDHRA UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING - AUTONOMOUS VISAKHAPATNAM

# **COMPUTER SCIENCE & SYSTEMS ENGINEERING.**

# (With effect from 2006-07 admitted batch onwards)

II/IV B.TECH.(CSE) I - SEMESTER

B.TECH. (CSE) 2 <sup>nd</sup> YEAR I-SEMESTER SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION With effect from 2006-07 admitted batch								
Sub. Ref. No.	Name of the Subject	Periods			Maximum Marks			Credits
		Theory	Tutorial	Lab.	Exam	Sessionals	Total	
CSE 2.1.1	ELECTRONICS-I	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.1.2	ELEMENTS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.1.3	DATA STRUCTURES	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.1.4	DESCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES-I	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.1.5	PROBABILITY, STATISTICS & QUEUING THEORY	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.1.6	DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.1.7	ELECTRICAL LAB.			3	50	50	100	2
CSE 2.1.8	DATA STRUCTURES LAB.			3	50	50	100	2
TOTAL CREDITS							28	

# II/IV B.TECH.(CSE) II - SEMESTER

B.TECH. (CSE) 2 <sup>nd</sup> YEAR II-SEMESTER SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION With effect from 2006-07 admitted batch								
Sub. Ref. No.	Name of the Subject	Periods			Maximu	ım Marks		Credits
		Theory	Tutorial	Lab.	Exam	Sessionals	Total	
CSE 2.2.1	ELECTRONICS-II	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.2.2	DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES-II	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.2.3	MICROPROCESSORS-I	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.2.4	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.2.5	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 2.2.6	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES	3	1		70	30	100	2
CSE 2.2.7	MICROPROCESSORS-I LAB.			3	50	50	100	2
CSE 2.2.8	ELECTRONICS LAB.			3	50	50	100	2
						TOTAL CR	REDITS	26

# III/IV B.TECH.(CSE) I - SEMESTER

Sub. Ref. No.	Name of the Subject	Periods			Maximu	Credits		
		Theory	Tutorial	Lab.	Exam	Sessionals	Total	
CSE 3.1.1	MICROPROCESSOR-II	3	1	-	70	30	100	4
CSE 3.1.2	SYSTEM PROGRAMMING	3	1	-	70	30	100	4
CSE 3.1.3	ELECTIVE – I	3	1	-	70	30	100	4
CSE 3.1.4	FORMAL LANGUAGES & AUTOMATA THEORY	3	1		70	30	100	4
CSE 3.1.5	FILE STRUCTURES	3	1	-	70	30	100	4
CSE 3.1.6	OPERATING SYSTEMS	3	1	-	70	30	100	4
CSE 3.1.7	OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB.			3	50	50	100	2
CSE 3.1.8	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB.			3	50	50	100	2
CSE 3.1.9	SOFT SKILLS LAB.			3		100	100	1
						TOTAL CR	FDITS	29

ELECTIVE-I

[1]. COMPUTER GRAPHICS, [2]. DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING , [3]. FAULT TOLERANT COMPUPTING, [4]. COMBINATORICS & GRAPHIC THEORY.

# III/IV B.TECH.(CSE) II - SEMESTER

B.TECH. (CSE) 3rd YEAR II-SEMESTER SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION With effect from 2006-07 admitted batch									
Sub. Ref. No.	Name of the Subject	Periods			Maximu	ım Marks		Credits	
		Theory	Tutorial	Lab.	Exam	Sessionals	Total		
CSE 3.2.1	COMPILER DESIGN	3	1	-	70	30	100	4	
CSE 3.2.2	DESIGN & ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS	3	1	1	70	30	100	4	
CSE 3.2.3	DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS	3	1	1	70	30	100	4	
CSE 3.2.4	DATA COMMUNICATIONS	3	1	1	70	30	100	4	
CSE 3.2.5	ELECTIVE - II	3	1		70	30	100	4	
CSE 3.2.6	COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE	3	1		70	30	100	4	
CSE 3.2.7	MICROPROCESSOR-II LAB.			3	50	50	100	2	
CSE 3.2.8	DBMS LAB.		-	3	50	50	100	2	
	·					TOTAL CR	REDITS	28	

ELECTIVE - II
[1]. PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE,
[5] WEB TECHNOLOGIES

[2]. BIO-INFORMATICS .

[3]. IMAGE PROCESSING. [4]. VHDL

# IV/IV B.TECH.(CSE) I - SEMESTER

B.TECH. (CSE) 4th YEAR I-SEMESTER SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION With effect from 2006-07 admitted ba									
Sub. Ref. No.	Name of the Subject	Periods			Maximu	Credits			
		Theory	Tutorial	Lab.	Exam	Sessionals	Total		
CSE 4.1.1	OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGG.	3	1		70	30	100	4	
CSE 4.1.2	COMPUTER NETWORKS	3	1	-	70	30	100	4	
CSE 4.1.3	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	3	1	1	70	30	100	4	
CSE 4.1.4	MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES	3	1	1	70	30	100	4	
CSE 4.1.5	ELECTIVE-III	3	1	1	70	30	100	4	
CSE 4.1.6	OPERATIONS RESEARCH	3	1		70	30	100	4	
CSE 4.1.7	GRAPHICS & MULTIMEDIA LAB.			3	50	50	100	2	
CSE 4.1.8	OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGG. LAB.			3	50	50	100	2	
CSE 4.1.9	INDUSTRIAL TRAINING							2	
TOTAL CREDITS							30		

#### IV/IV B.TECH.(CSE) II - SEMESTER

B.TECH. (CS	B.TECH. (CSE) 4 <sup>th</sup> YEAR II-SEMESTER SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION With effect from 2006-07 admitted batch									
Sub. Ref. No.	Name of the Subject	Periods			Maximum Marks			Credits		
		Theory	Tutorial	Lab.	Exam	Sessionals	Total			
CSE 4.2.1	DISTRIBUTED OPERATING SYSTEMS	3	1	-	70	30	100	4		
CSE 4.2.2	CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY	3	1		70	30	100	4		
CSE 4.2.3	DATA WARE HOUSING & DATA MINING	3	1		70	30	100	4		
CSE 4.2.4	DATA COMMUNICATIONS & NETWORK PROGRAMMING LAB	-		3	50	50	100	2		
CSE 4.2.5	PROJECT			3	50	50	100	8		
						TOTAL CR	REDITS	22		

ELECTIVE-III:

[1]. EMBEDDED SYSTEMS, [2]. NEURAL NETWORKS & FUZZY LOGIC, [3]. RANDOM PROCESSES IN ENGINEERING.

# II/IV B.TECH.(CSE) I - SEMESTER

# CSE 2.1.1 ELECTRONICS – I Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

#### I. Semiconductors:

Electronic Emission from metal carrier concentration in an intrinsic Semiconductors open circuited PN junction – diffusion.

#### II. PN Junction Diode:

PN Junction Diode, VI Characteristics of PN Junction Diode, capacitate effects in PN Junction Diode, Quantitative theory of PN Junction Diode.

#### III. Special Devices:

Principles, Working of zero diode, Tunnel diode, Varactor diode, Schottky diode, SCR and UJT.

### IV. Transistors:

The bipolar junction Transistor – Operation of PNP and NPN Transistors – Transistor Circuit configurations- characteristics of a CE configurations – h parameter, low frequency small signal equivalent circuit of a Transistor.

### V. Transistor Biasing and thermal stabilization:

Transistor Biasing, stabilization, Different methods of transistor biasing – Fixed bias, Collector feedback bias – self bias – Bias compensation.

#### VI. Field Effect Transistors:

Junction Field Effect Transistors (JFET) – JFET characteristics, JFET Parameters, Small equivalent circuit – MOSFETS – Depletion and Enhancement MOSFETS.

### VII. Rectifying circuits:

Half wave and full wave rectifiers – Bridge rectifiers – rectifier efficiency, Ripple and regulation – Shunt capacitor filter – Zener regulation.

#### VIII. Transistor Amplifiers:

CE, CB, CC amplifier configurations – Analysis using h- parameters – Multistage amplifier – RC coupled amplifier – frequency response curve and bandwidth.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

Electronic Device and Circuits by Sanjeev Gupth.

#### REFERENCE:

Integrated Electronics by Millman & Halkias.

### CSE 2.1.2 ELEMENTS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut / week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

**Magnetic circuits**: Definitions of magnetic circuit, Reluctance, Magneto-motive force), magnetic flux, Simple problems on magnetic circuits, Hysterisis loss.

**Electromagnetic Induction\_**: Faraday's laws of Electromagnetic Induction, Induced E.M.F., Dynamically induced E.M.F., Statistically induced EMF, Self Inductance, Mutual Inductance.

**D.C. Generators**: D.C.Generator principle, construction of D.C. generator, E.M.F equation of D.C. generator, Types of D.C. generator, Efficiency, Characteristics of D.C. generator, Efficiency, Applications of D.C. generator

**D.C.** Motors: **D.C.** Motor principle, working of D.C.Motors. significance of back E.M.F., Torque equation of D.C. Motors, Types of D.C. Motors, Characteristics of D.C. Motors, Speed control methods of D.C. Motors, Applications of D.C. Motor. Testing of D.C. Machines: Losses and Efficiency, Direct load test and Swinburne's test.

**A.C.** Circuits:\_Introduction to Steady State Analysis of A.C. Circuits, Single and Balanced 3 Phase Circuits.

**Transformers:** Transformer principle, EMF equation of transformer, Transformer on load, Equivalent circuit of Transformer, Voltage regulation of Transformer, Losses in a Transformer, Calculation of Efficiency and Regulation by Open circuit and Short circuit Tests.

Three phase Inductance Motor: Induction Motor working principle. Construction of 3

Phase induction Motor, Principle of operation. Types of 3 phase induction Motor., Torque Equation of Induction Motor., slip – Torque characteristics., Starting Torque, Torque under running condition., Maximum Torque Equation., Power stages of Induction Motor., Efficiency Calculation of Induction Motor by direct loading.

**Alternator**: Alternator working principle, EMF equation of Alternator, Voltage Regulation by Sync. Impedance method.

Synchronous Motor: Synchronous Motor principle of Operation, Construction., Methods of starting of synchronous motor

#### Text Book:

"Elements of Electrical Engineering and Electronics" by V.K.Mehta, S. Chand & Co

#### Reference Book:

"A First Course in Electrical Engineering" by Kothari.

# CSE 2.1.3 DATA STRUCTURES Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

**Introduction to Data Structures**: Information and Meaning – Representation of Multi-Dimensional Arrays \_ Review of C Programming.

**The Stack**: Primitive operations – As an Abstract Data Type – Implementing the Stack operations in C.

Infix, Postfix and Prefix: Definitions, Evaluation and Conversions using C.

**Recursion**: Recursive Definition and Processes, Recursion in C and Recursive Implementation of Applications. Simulation of Recursion – Efficiency of Recursion.

**Queues and Lists**: The Queue as Abstract Data Type – Sequential Representation \_Types of Queues – Operations – Implementation in C.

**Linked List**: Operations – Implementation of Stacks, Queues and priority Queues in C. **Circular Lists**: Insertion, Deletion and Concatenation Operations \_ Stacks and Queues as Circular Lists \_ Doubly Linked Lists Applications.

**Trees**: Binary Trees Operations and Applications.

**Binary Tree Representation**: Node Representation – Implicit array Representation – Choice of Representation – Binary Tree Traversal – Threaded Binary Trees and their Traversal – Trees and their Applications

**Sorting**: General Background: Efficiency – The big 0 Notation – Efficiency of Sorting. Bubble Sort and Quick Sort and their Efficiency – Selection Sorting – Binary Tree Sort – Heap Sort – Insertion Sorts – Shell Sort – Address calculation Sort – Merge and Radix Sorts.

**Searching**: Basic Searching Techniques: Dictionary as an Abstract Data Type – Algorithmic Notation – Sequential Searching and its Efficiency – Binary Search – Interpolation Search.

**Tree Searching**: Insertion into a Binary Search Tree – Deleting from a Binary Search Tree – Efficiency of Binary Search Tree operation

**Graphs and Their Application**: Graphs: Application of Graphs – Representation of Graphs in C – Transitive closure – Warshall's Algorithm – Shortest Path Algorithm.

**Linked Representation of Graphs**: Dijikstra's Algorithm – Organizing the set of Graph Nodes – Application to Scheduling and its implication.

Graph Traversal and Spanning Forests – Undirected Graph and their Traversals, Applications and Efficiency – Minimal Spanning Trees – Prim's and Kruskal's Algorithms.

### Textbooks:

- 1. Data Structures Using C and C++ Yddish Langsam, Moshe J. Augenstein and Aaron M. Tanenbaum, Prentice Hall Of India (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition) (Chapters 1 to 8)
- 2. Data Structures, Algorithms and Applications with C++, Sahani Mc-Graw Hill.

**Note**: All Implementation are Using C Language only.

# CSE 2.1.4 DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES - I Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

**Introduction:** Sets-Operations on sets-relations-functions-Proof methods and problem solving strategies-Fundamentals of Logic- Logical inferences-Methods of proof of an implication-First Order logic and Other Proof methods-Rules of inference for quantified Propositions-Mathematical Induction

Elementary Combinatorics: Basics of Counting- Combinations and Permutations-Their Enumeration with and without repetition-Binomial coefficients-Binomial and Multinomial Theorems-The Principle of Inclusion-Exclusion.

Recurrence Relations: Generating Functions of Sequences-Calculating their Coefficients-Recurrence relations-Solving recurrence relations-Method of characteristic Roots- Non-homogeneous Recurrence relations and their solutions

**Relations and Digraphs:** Relations and Directed Graphs-Special Properties of Binary relations- Equivalence Relations-Ordering Relations-Lattices and Enumeration-Operations on relations-Paths and Closures-Directed Graphs and Adjacency matrices- Applications of sorting, searching and topological sorting.

**Graphs:** Basic concepts-Isomorphism-subgraphs-Planar Graphs-Euler's formula- Multigraphs and Euler circuits-Hamiltonian graphs-Chromatic numbers-Four color theorem.

**Trees:** Trees and their properties-Trees as graphs-spanning trees-Directed trees-Binary trees-Their traversals-Arithmetic and Boolean expressions as trees- height balanced trees.

#### Text Book:

"Discrete Mathematics for computer scientists & Mathematicians" by Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel & T. P. Baker, Prentice Hall of India Ltd, New Delhi

#### Reference Books:

- 1) "Discrete mathematics and its applications" by Keneth. H. Rosen, , Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi
- 2) "Discrete mathematics" by Richard Johnsonbaug, Pearson Education, New Delhi

# CSE 2.1.5 PROBABILITY, STATISTICS & QUEUING THEORY Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

Probability: Definitions of probability, Addition theorem, Conditional probability, Multiplication theorem, Bayes theorem of probability and Geometric probability.

Random variables and their properties, Discrete Random variable, Continuous Random variable, Probability Distribution joint probability distributions their properties, Transformation variables, Mathematical expectations, probability generating functions.

Probability Distributions / Discrete distributions: Binomial, Poisson Negative binominal distributions and their properties. (Definition, mean, variance, moment generating function., Additive properties, fitting of the distribution.)

Continuous distributions: Uniform, Normal, exponential distributions and their roperties.

Curve fitting using Principle of Least Squares.

Multivariate Analysis: Correlation, correlation coefficient, Rank correlation, Regression Analysis, Multiple Regression, Attributes, coefficient of Association,  $\chi^2$  – test for goodness of fit, test for independence.

Sample, populations, statistic, parameter, Sampling distribution, standard error, unbiasedness, efficiency, Maximum likelihood estimator, notion & interval estimation.

Testing of Hypothesis: Formulation of Null hypothesis, critical region, level of significance, power of the test.

Small Sample Tests: Testing equality of .means, testing equality of variances, test of correlation coefficient, test for Regression Coefficient.

Large Sample tests: Tests based on normal distribution

Queuing theory: Queue description, characteristics of a queuing model, study state solutions of M/M/1:  $\alpha$  Model, M/M/1; N Model.

**Text Book**: Probability, Statistics and Random Processes by T.Veerarajan, Tata McGraw Hill Reference Book: Probability & Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Applications by Kishor S. Trivedi, Prentice Hall of India, 1999

# CSE 2.1.6 DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

#### 1. Binary Systems, Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates.

Digital Systems. Binary Numbers. Number Base Conversions. Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers. Complements. Signed Binary Numbers. Binary Codes. Binary Storage and Registers. Binary Logic

Basic Definitions. Axiomatic Definition of Boolean Algebra. Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra. Boolean Functions. Canonical and Standard Forms. Other Logic Operations. Digital Logic Gates. Integrated Circuits.

#### 2. Combinational Logic Design, Gate-Level Minimization.

The Map Method. Four-Variable Map. Five-Variable Map. Product of Sums Simplification. Don't-Care Conditions. NAND and NOR Implementation. Other Two- Level Implementations. Exclusive-OR Function. Hardware Description Language

(HDL).

#### **Combinational Logic**

Combinational Circuits. Analysis Procedure. Design Procedure. Binary Adder- Subtractor. Decimal Adder. Binary Multiplier. Magnitude Comparator. Decoders. Encoders. Multiplexers. HDL For Combinational Circuits.

### 3. Sequential Logic Design, Synchronous Sequential Logic

Sequential Circuits. Latches. Flip-Flops. Analysis of Clocked Sequential Circuits. HDL For Sequential Circuits. State Reduction and Assignment. Design Procedure.

### Registers ad Counters.

Registers. Shift Registers. Ripple Counters. Synchronous Counters. Other Counters. HDL for Registers and Counters.

#### **Fundamentals of Asynchronous Sequential Logic**

Introduction. Analysis Procedure. Circuits With Latches. Design Procedure. Hazards

#### 4. Memory and Programmable Logic

Introduction. Random-Access Memory. Memory Decoding. Error Detection and Correction. Read-Only Memory. Programmable Logic Array. Programmable Array Logic. Sequential Programmable Devices.

**TEXT BOOK**: Digital Design, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, M. Morris Mano, Pearson Education, Inc., 2002

**REFERENCE BOOKS:** 1. Digital Logic Design Principles, Norman Balabanian and Bradley Carlson, John Wiley & Sons(Asia) Pte. Ltd., 2002

- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, A. Ananda Kumar, PHI, 2002
- 3. Digital Circuits and Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,S Salivahanan and S Arivazhagan, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2003
- 4. Fundamentals of Digital Logic with VHDL Design, Stephen Brown and Zvonko Vranesic, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2002

### CSE2.1.7 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB Credits:2

Lab: 3 Periods /week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:50

### Cycle I

- 1. O.C.C and Load Characteristics of a D.C Shunt Generator.
- 2. O.C.C and Load Characteristics of a D.C Separately Excited Generator.
- 3. O.C and S.C Test on a Single Phase Transformer.
- 4. O.C and S.C. Test on a D.C Shunt Motor.

### Cycle II

- 1. No Load and Blocked rotor tests on a 3  $\phi$  Squirrel cage I.M.
- 2. Load test on a  $3 \varphi$  Slip ring Induction Motor.
- 3. Power measurement in a 3 Phase Balanced A.C circuit using two wattmeter method.
- 4. O.C & S.C .C test on a 3 -phase alternator (Synchronous impedance method of regulator calculation.

Credits:2

CSE2.1.8 DATA STRUCTURES LAB

Lab: 3 Periods /week Sessional Marks: 50

Univ.-Exam : 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:50

- 1. Write a program to implement the operations on stacks.
- 2. Write a program to implement the operations on circular queues
- 3. Write a program for sorting a list using Bubble sort and then apply binary search.
- 4. Write a program to create a binary search tree and for implementing the in order, preorder, post order traversal using recursion
- 5. Write a program for finding the Depth First Search of a graph, and Breadth First Search of a graph
- 6. Write a program for converting a given infix expression to postfix form
- 7. Write a program for evaluating a given postfix expression
- 8. Write a program for implementing the operations of a dequeue
- 9. Write a program for the representation of polynomials using circular linked list and for the addition of two such polynomials
- 10. Write a program for quick sort
- 11. Write a program for Heap sort
- 12. Write a program for Merge sort.
- 13. a) Write a program for finding the transitive closure of a digraph
  - b) Write a program for finding the shortest path from a given source to any vertex in a digraph using Dijkstra's algorithm

# II/IV B.TECH.(CSE) II - SEMESTER

# CSE 2.2.1 ELECTRONICS II Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1Tut/week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

#### **Feed Back Amplifiers:**

Concept of Feedback Amplifiers – Effect of Negative Feed back on gain, nonlinear distortion, noise and Band width--Input and output impedances - Current Series and Voltage Series Feed back Amplifiers

### Sinusoidal Oscillators:

Barkhansen Criterion of Oscillations – LC Oscillators – Tuned Collector Oscillators – Hartley and Colpitts, – RC Oscillators, RC Phase Shift and Weinbridge Oscillators.- Frequency Stability of Oscillators—Crystal Oscillators.

#### **Operational Amplifiers:**

Ideal Characteristics of an Operational Amplifier.— Applications of OP-Amp as an Inverting and Non Inverting Amplifier, Summing and Subtracting Amplifier, Integrator, Differentiator

#### **Multivibrators:**

Collector Coupled astable Multivibrator - Collector-Coupled and Emitter-Coupled Monostable Multivibrators - Fixed Bias and Self biased bistable Multivibrators -- Resolution time of a binary, Methods of triggering a Binary .

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Integrated Electronics - Millman and Halkiasy Tata Mc Graw hill Publications

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Electronics Devuces and Circuits by Sanjed Gupta, Dunpat Rai Publications
- 2. Pulse, Digital and Switching Waveforms Millman and Taub, Tata Mc Graw hill Publications

### CSE 2.2.2 DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES - II Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam Marks:70

**Introduction**: Relations-Types of relations-Matrix representation of relations-Representation of relations as graphs-Ordering-Partial Ordering-Functions-Composition of Functions-Binary and n-ary Operations-Characteristic Functions of a set-Hashing functions-Recursion-Primitive recursive functions-Recursive functions.

**Algebraic Structures:** Algebraic Systems-Semi groups and Monoids-Grammars and Languages-Polish expression and their compilation-Groups-The application of residue arithmetic to Computers- Group Codes

**Lattices:** Lattices as Partially Ordered Sets-Properties of Lattices- Sublattices-Direct Product and Homomorphisms-Isomorphisms-Modular Lattices-Distributive lattices- Complimented lattices – Their Properties

**Boolean Algebra:** Definition- Subalgebra-Direct Product-Homomorphisms- Isomorphisms-Boolean Functions-Representation of Boolean Functions-Minimization of Boolean Functions-Design examples of Boolean Algebra

**Computability:** Introduction-Finite State Machines-Introductory Sequential Circuits- Equivalence of Finite State Machines-Finite State Acceptors and Regular Grammars- Turing Machines and Partial Recursive Functions.

#### Text Book:

Discrete Mathematical Structures with applications to computer science by J. P. Trembley & R. Manohar Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.

#### Reference Books:

- 1) Discrete and combinatorial mathematics by Ralph. G. Grimaldi Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2) Elements of discrete mathematics by C. L. Liu, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.

CSE 2.2.3 Microprocessors - I Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam Marks:70

### The 8085A µP. Architecture and Instruction Set:

Introduction to Microprocessors and Microcomputers, Internal Architecture and Functional/Signal Description of typical 8-bit μP.- 8085, Instruction Set and Timing Diagrams of 8085 μP.

### Programming the 8085 $\mu$ P.:

Assembly Language Programming Requirements, Programming Techniques: Looping, Counting, and Indexing, Counter and timing Delays, Stack and Subroutines, Code Conversion, BCD Arithmetic, 16-bit data Operations, Interrupts and Interrupt Service Routines

### The 8086 µP. Architecture and Instruction Set:

Internal Architecture and Functional/Signal Description of 8086/8088 Segmented Memory, Maximum-Mode and Minimum-Mode Operation, and Timing Diagrams

Addressing Modes, Instruction Set

#### Programming the 8086 μP.:

Assembly Language Requirements, Data Definition, COM and EXE program Files
Programming techniques: Logical Processing, Arithmetic processing, Time Delay Loops Procedures, Data tables, Modular programming, and Macros

#### TEXT BOOKS:

1.Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085 Ramesh S. Gaonkar, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Penram International, 1999

2. The 80x86 Family, Design, Programming and Interfacing, John E.Uffenbeck,  $3^{rd}$  Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2002

#### **REFERENCE BOOK:**

- 1. IBM PC Assembler Language and Programming, Peter Abel, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2001
- 2. The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors, Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications, Water A. Triebel and Avtar Singh, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2003
- 3. Microprocessors and Interfacing, Programming and Hardware, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Douglass V. Hall, TMH Edition, 1999

### CSE 2.2.4 COMPUTER ORGANIZATION Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam Marks:70

#### **Register Transfer and Micro operations:**

Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer, Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Micro-operations, Logic Micro-operations, Shift Micro-operations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit.

### **Basic Computer Organization and Design:**

Instruction Codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction Cycle, Memory-Reference Instructions, Input-Output and Interrupt, Complete Computer Description.

### **Microprogrammed Control:**

Control Memory, Address Sequencing, Micro program Example.

### **Central Processing Unit:**

Introduction, General Register Organization, Stack Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control.

#### **Computer Arithmetic:**

Introduction, Addition and Subtraction, Decimal Arithmetic Unit.

### **Input-Output Organization:**

Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous Data Transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt, Direct Memory Access.

#### **Memory Organization:**

Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary Memory, Associative Memory, Cache Memory, Virtual Memory.

### Text Book:

Computer System Architecture, M.Morris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2003

### Reference Book:

Computer Systems Organization and Architecture, John D. Carpinelli ,Pearson Education Inc., 2003

### CSE 2.2.5 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam Marks: 70

- 1. Procedural Paradigms, Object Oriented Paradigm, Concept of Data Abstraction Encapsulation, Inheritance and Polymorphism
- 2. Introduction to U.M.L: Description of various U.M.L. Diagrams with examples.

### $\mathbb{C}$ ++

- 3. **Basics of Object Oriented Programming**: benefits of OOP, data types, declarations, expressions and operator precedence, functions, scope of variables
- 4. Introduction to OOP: Classes and objects, Constructors & Destructors, Operator Overloading & type conversions.
- 5. **Inheritance**: Derived classes, syntax of derived classes, making private members inheritable, single, multilevel, multiple, hierarchical, hybrid inheritance
- 6. **Polymorphism**: Pointers, virtual functions and polymorphism- pointers to objects, this pointer, pointers to derived classes, virtual and pure virtual functions.
- 7. **Templates, Exception handling, console I/O and File I/O**: class templates, Function templates, member function templates, exception handling, managing console I/O operations, working with files.

#### **JAVA**

- 8. **Intoduction to JAVA**: Introduction, Classes and Objects, Arrays, strings and Vectors, Exception Handling, Managing I/O files in Java.
- 9. **Packages and Interface, and Multi threading:** Packages, Interfaces, creating, extending, stopping, blocking threads, thread states, thread methods, exceptions, priority in threads, synchronization, Runnable interface.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. JAVA 2.0- Complete Reference : Herbert Schildt & F. Naughton.
- 2. Introduction to JAVA PROGRAMMING by Y.Daniel Liang (PHI)
- 3. Object oriented Programming using C++: E. Balagurusamy, PHI.
- 4. Programming with JAVA- A primer: E. Balagurusamy, PHI
- 5. The Unified Modeling Languages user Guide by Grady Booch Etal.(Pearson Education)

#### References:

- 6. Object Oriented Programming in C++: N. Barkakati, PHI
- 7. Object Oriented Programming through C++ by Robat Laphore.
- 8. Object Oriented Analysis and Design by Andrew Haigh (Tata Mcgrah Hjill.)

CSE 2.2.6 ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES Credits:2

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam Marks: 70

### **Module 1: Introduction**

### (a)Definition, Scope and importance

(b)Measuring and defining environmental development: indicators (1 lecture)

### Module 2: Ecosystem

(a) Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and functions of Ecosystems -Forest –Grass land -Desert -Aquatic (lakes, rivers and estuaries) (2 lectures)

# Module 3: Environmental and Natural Resources management

(a)Land resource

-Land as a resource -Common property resource -Land degradation -Soil erosion and desertification -Effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer – pesticide problems

(b) Forest resources

Use and over-exploitation-Mining and dams- their effects on forest and tribal people ©Water resources

-Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water-Floods and droughts-Water logging and salinity-Dams –benefits and costs-Conflicts over water

# (d) Energy resources

Energy needs-Renewable and non-renewable energy source-Use of alternate energy sources - Impact of energy use on environment (8 lectures)

# Module 4: Bio-diversity and its conservation

- (a) Value of bio-diversity-consumptive and productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values(b) Bio-geographical classification of India- India as a mega diversity habitat
- ©Threats to biodiversity- Hot spots, habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, loss of species, seeds etc.
- (d)Conservation of bio-diversity- In-situ and Ex-situ conservation (3 lectures)

### Module 5: Environmental Pollution Local and Global Issues

(a)Cause, effects and control measures of

Air Pollution- Indoor air pollution-Water pollution- Soil pollution- Marine pollution-Noise pollution-Solid waste management, composting, vermiculture- Urban and industrial wastes, recycling and reuse (b)Nature of thermal pollution and nuclear hazards

©Global Warming

(d)Acid rain

(e)Ozone depletion

(8 lectures)

### Module 6: Environmental problems in India

- (a) Drinking water, Sanitation and Public health
- (b) Effects of activities on the quality of environment

Urbanization-Transportation-Industrialization-Green revolution

- ©Water scarcity and Ground Water depletion
- (d)Controversies on major dams-resettlement and rehabilitation of people: problems and concerns
- (e)Rain water harvesting, cloud seeding and watershed management (5 lectures)

### **Module 7: Economy and Environment**

- (a)The economy and environment interaction
- (b) Economics of development, preservation and conservation
- ©Sustainability: theory and practice
- (d)Limits to Growth
- (e)Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles
- (f)Environmental Impact Assessment

(4 lectures)

### **Module 8: Social Issues and the Environment**

(a)Population growth and environment

- (b)Environmental education
- ©Environmental movements
- (d)Environment vs Development (2 lectures)

### **Module 9: Institutions and Governance**

- (a)Regulation by Government
- (b)Monitoring and Enforcement of Environmental regulation
- ©Environmental Acts

Water (Prevention and Control of pollution) act-Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) act-Envt.

Protection act-Wild life Protection act-Forest Conservation act-Coastal Zone Regulations

(d)Institutions and policies relating to India

(e)Environmental Governance (5 lectures)

### **Module 10: International Conventions**

- (a)Stockholm Conference 1972
- (b)Earth Summit 1992
- ©World Commission for environmental Development (WCED) (2 lectures)

### Module 11: case Studies

- (a)Chipko movement
- (b)Narmada Bachao Andolan
- ©Silent Valley Project
- (d)Madhura Refinery and Taj Mahal
- (e)Industrialization of Pattancheru
- (f)Nuclear reactor in Nagarjuna Sagar
- (g)Tehri dam
- (h)Ralegaon Siddhi (Anna Hazzare)
- (i)Kolleru lake-aquaculture
- (j)Florosis in Andhra Pradesh

(3 lectures)

### **Module 12: Field Work**

- (a) Visit to a local area to document and mapping environmental assests- river/ forest/ grassland/ Hill/ Mountain.
- (b) Study of local environment- common plants, insects, birds
- ©Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill, slopes etc.
- (d) Visit to Industries, Water treatment plants, affluent treatment plants. (5 lectures)

### CSE 2.2.7 MICROPROCESSORS - I LAB Credits: 2

Lab: 3 Periods/week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ-Exam : 3 Hours Univ-Exam Marks: 50

### **Digital Logic Design Experiments:**

- 1. TTL Characteristics and TTL IC Gates
- 2. Multiplexers & Decoders
- 3. Flip-Flops
- 4. Counters
- 5. Shift Registers
- 6. Binary Adders & Subtractors
- 7. A L U

### **Assembly Language Programming:**

1. 8085 Assembly Language Programming according to theory course microprocessors-I using the following trainers:

Keyboard Monitor of  $8085\mu P$  Trainer. Serial Monitor of  $8085\mu P$  Trainer with Terminal 8085 Line Assembler of  $8085\mu P$  Trainer with PC as Terminal 8085 Cross Assembler using In-Circuit Emulator (ICE) with  $8085\mu P$  Trainer and PC as Terminal

2. 8086 Assembly Language Programming according to theory course Microprocessor-I using the following: PC Assembler using TASM or MASM, TD or SYMDEB or CVD(Code View debugger)

Graded Problems are to be used according to the syllabus of MICROPROCESSORS-I

# CSE 2.2.8 ELECTRONICS - LAB Credits:2

Lab: 3 Periods/week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam Marks: 50

- 1. Input and Output Characteristics of a BJT in the CE mode.
- 2. Half Wave and Full Wave rectifiers.
- 3. R C Coupled amplifier Frequency response with and without feedback.
- 4. Transistor Inverter.
- 5. Colpitts Oscillator.
- 6. Op-amp as an inverting and non-inverting amplifier.
- 7. Astable multivibrator.
- 8. Self-bias binary.
- 9. Logic Gates using diodes and transistors.

# III/IV B.TECH.(CSE) I - SEMESTER

### CSE3.1.1 MICROPROCESSORS - II Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1Tut/Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ\_Exam:3 Hours Univ\_Exam Marks:70

### **Interfacing Semiconductor Memories:**

Semiconductor Memories: Classification, Internal Organisation & Functional

Description. Interfacing SRAMs, and EPROMs to 8085/8086

#### **Interfacing I/O Devices:**

Interfacing Characteristics of I/O Devices, I/O Device addressing methods, I/O Device Programming Methods.

### **Interfacing Peripheral ICs to Intel 8085/8086:**

Parallel I/O Interface - 8255, Serial I/O Interface - 8251, Timer Interface - 8253, Keyboard/Display Interface - 8279, Interrupt Controller Interface - 8259

### **Interfacing Data Converters to 8085/8086:**

D/A Conversion Methods, A/D Conversion methods, Interfacing DAC, Interfacing ADC.

#### **Introduction to Micro controllers:**

Intel 8051 Architecture and Programming

#### Introduction to Hardware and Software of PCs:

Hardware Organization, DOS Internals, ROM BIOS and BIOS Function Calls, DOS Function Calls, Introduction to Pentium Processors

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

 $1. Microprocessor\ Architecture,\ Programming,\ and\ Applications\ with\ the\ 8085$ 

Ramesh

- S. Gaonkar, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Penram International, 1999
- 2. The 80x86 Family, Design, Programming and Interfacing, John E.Uffenbeck,
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2002
- 3. Kenneth J.Ayala, 8051 Microcontroller architecture, programming and applications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Penram International Publications, 1999

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. BARRY B. BREY, The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80186/80188,80286,80386 and 80486, Pentium, Pentium Pro Processor, Pentium II, Pentium III, Pentium 4, Architecture, Programming and Interfacing, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2003
- 2 Walter A. Tribel and Avtar Singh, The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors, Programming, interfacing, Software, Hardware, and Applications, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2003
- 3. Microprocessors and Interfacing, Programming and Hardware, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Douglass V. Hall, TMH Edition, 1999
- 4. Sanjay K Bose, Hardware and Software of Personal Computers, New Age International (P) Ltd., 1991
- 5. Myke Predko, Programming and Customizing the 8051 Microcontroller, TMH, 1999

### CSE 3.1.2 SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1Tut/Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ\_Exam:3 Hours Univ\_Exam Marks:70

Introduction to Systems Programming, Introduction to Assembly Language Programming - Introduction to Instruction Formats, Data formats - Role of Base Register, Index Register.

Introduction to Assembler, databases used in assembler design, Design of Assembler - Single Pass & Double Pass.

Introduction to Macros, various types of Macros, Design of Macro Processor - Single Pass & Double Pass. Introduction to Loaders, functions of a loader, types of Loaders, databases used in Loaders, Design of Loaders - Absolute & DLL.

Introduction to Software Tools, Text editors, Interpreters, Program Generators, Debug Monitors.

**TextBook:** Systems Programming by Donovan

Tata Mc Graw Hill

Reference: System Programming by Dhamdhere

Tata Mc Graw Hill, IInd Revised Edition

### CSE3.1.3 ELECTIVE-I COMPUTER GRAPHICS Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1Tut/Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ Exam: 3 Hours Univ Exam Marks: 70

Introduction: Usage of Graphics and their applications, Presentation Graphics-Computer Aided Design-Computer Art- Entertainment- Education and Training-Visualization-Image Processing-Graphical User Interfaces

Over view of Graphics systems: Video Display Devices- Raster Scan systems-random scan systems-Graphics monitors and workstations-Input devices-hard copy devices- Graphics software

Output primitives: Points and Lines-Line Drawing Algorithms- Loading the Frame buffer- Line function- Circle-Generating Algorithms- Ellipse Generating Algorithms- Other Curves- Parallel Curve Algorithms-Curve Functions-Pixel Addressing- Filled Area Primitives-Filled Area Functions- Cell Array- Character Generation

**Attributes of Output Primitives:** Line and Curve Attributes-Color and Gray scale levels- Area Fill Attributes-Character Attributes-Bundled Attributes- Inquiry Functions- Antialiasing

Two Dimensional Geometric Transformations: Basic Transformations- Matrix Representations-Homogeneous Coordinates-Composite Transformations-Other Transformations-Transformations between Coordinate Systems-Affine Transformations- Transformation Functions- Raster methods for Transformations

**Two Dimensional Viewing:** The viewing Pipeline-Viewing Coordinate Reference Frame-Window-to-Viewport Coordinate Transformation-Two Dimensional Viewing Functions-Clipping Operations-Point Clipping-Line Clipping-Polygon Clipping-Curve Clipping-Text and Exterior Clipping

**Structure And Hierarchical Modeling:** Concepts of Structures and Basic models- Editing - Hierarchical Modeling with Structures-GUI and Interactive Input Methods- Windows and Icons- Virtual Reality Environments

**Three Dimensional Concepts and Object representations:** 3D display methods-3D Graphics-Polygon Surfaces-Curved Lines and Surfaces- Quadratic Surfaces-Super Quadrics-Blobby Objects-Spline Representations- Cubic Spline methods-Bézier Curves and Surfaces- B Spline Curves and Surfaces

**Three Dimensional Geometric and Modeling Transformations:** Translation- Rotation-scaling-Other Transformations-Composite Transformations-3D Transformation Functions-Modeling and Coordinate Transformations.

Three Dimensional Viewing: Viewing Pipeline- Viewing Coordinates- Projections- View Volumes-General Projection Transformations-Clipping-Hardware Implementations-Three Dimensional Viewing

### Chapters 1 to 12 except 10-9 to 10-22 of the Text book

**Text Book:** Computer Graphics C Version by Donald Hearn & M. Pauline Baker Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2004

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics by David F. Rogers, Tata McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 2003
- 2) Computer Graphics: Principles & Practice in C by J. D. Foley, S. K Feiner, A Van Dam F. H John, Pearson Education, 2004
- 3) Computer Graphics using Open GL by Franscis S Hill Jr Pearson Education, 2004.

### CSE3.1.3 ELECTIVE-I DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1Tut/Week Sessional Marks: 30
Univ\_Exam:3 Hours Univ\_Exam Marks:70

An Overview of Digital Signal Processing and its Applications

Introduction to Programmable DSPs

Architecture of TMS320C3X

Addressing Modes and Assembly language Instructions of 'C3X

Application Programs in C3X

An Overview of TMS320C54X

TMS320C54X Assembly language Instructions

Application Programs in C54X FPGA - based DSP

### System Design Text Book:

Digital Signal Processors, Architecture, Programming and Applications,  $\,$  B. Venkataramani ,M. Bhaskar, TMH, 2002

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing, A Practical Approach, Emmanuel C. Ifeachor , Barrie W. Jervis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, Inc., 2002
- 2. Digital Signal Processing, Steve White, Thomson Delmar Publications, 2000
- 3. Digital Signal Processing, A computer Based Approach, Snajit K. Mitra, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH, 2001

### CSE3.1.3 ELECTIVE-I FAULT TOLERANT COMPUTING Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut./week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

Basic Concepts of Reliability Faults in Digital Circuits Test Generation

Introduction to Fault Tolerant Design of Digital Systems: Fault Tolerance, Static redundancy, Dynamic redundancy, Fault tolerant design of Memory systems, Practical Fault Tolerant Systems: FTMP, ESS, COMTRAC

Introduction to Self-Checking Logic: The two rail Checker,

Design for Testability: Testability, Controllability and Observability, Design of testable Combinational Logic Circuits, Testable design of Sequential Circuits, The scan path technique, Designing testability into logic boards

#### Text Books:

Fault Tolerant and Fault Testable Hardware Design, Parag K. Lala, PHI, 1985 Reference:

- 1. Fault Tolerant Computing Theory and Techniques-Volume I, D.K. Pradhan, PHI, 1986
- 2.. Testing of Digital Systems, Niraj jha and Sandeep Gupta, Cambridge University Press, 2003

### CSE3.1.3 ELECTIVE-I COMBINATORICS & GRAPH THEORY Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut./week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

#### PART I: COMBINATORICS

- 1. FOUNDATION: Basics- Sets- Relations- Proof methods- Problem-solving strategies- Mathematical Induction.
- 2. COMINATORICS: Basics of counting-Combinations and Permutations- Enumeration of Combinations & Permutations without repetitions and without repetitions- with constrained repetitions-Binomial Coefficients-Binomial and Multinomial theorems- Principle of Inclusion- Exclusion
- 3. RECURRENCE RELATIONS: Generating Functions of Sequences- Calculating Coefficients of Generating Functions- Recurrence Relations- Solving Recurrence Relations using Substitution and Generating Functions- Method of Characteristic Roots-Solutions of homogeneous and inhomogeneous recurrence relations.

#### PART II GRAPH THEORY

- 4. FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS: what is a Graph-Paths-Cycles-Trails-Vertex Degrees and Counting-Directed Graphs-Trees and Distance-Spanning Trees-Enumeration-Optimization and Trees.
- 5. MATCHINGS AND CONNECTIVITY: Matchings and Covers-Algorithms and applications of matching-Matchings in General graphs-Cuts and Connectivity-k-connected graphs-Network flow problems.
- 6. COLORING AND PLANAR GRAPHS: Vertex coloring and upper bounds-Structure of k- chromatic Graphs-Enumerative Aspects-Embeddings and Euler's formula-Characterization of Planar graphs-Parameters of Planarity-Edges and Cycles-Line Graphs and edge-coloring-Hamiltonian Cycles-Planarity-coloring and cycles.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. J.L. Mott, Abraham Kandel & Theodore P. Baker, "Discrete mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematics", Prentice-Hall of India Ltd. New Delhi. (Chapters 1,2,3)
- 2. Douglas B. West, "Introduction to Graph Theory", Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi. (Chapters 1,2,3,4,5,6,7)

### **REFFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Michel Townsend, "Discrete Mathematics: Applied Combinatorics and graph theory", The Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Company", California.
- 2. Kenneth H Rosen. "Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, Tata McGrahHill Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 3. Robin J. Wilson, "Introduction to Graph Theory" Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi.

### CSE 3.1.4 FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY Credits: 4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1Tut/Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ\_Exam: 3 Hours Univ\_Exam Marks:70

### 1. Finite Automata and Regular Expressions:

Basic Concepts of Finite State Systems, Deterministic and Non-Deterministic Finite Automata, Finite Automata with e-moves, Regular Expressions, Minimization of Finite Automata, Mealy and Moore Machines, Two-Way Finite Automate.

### 2. Regular sets & Regular Grammars:

Basic Definitions of Formal Languages and Grammars, Regular Sets and Regular Grammars, Closure Properties of Regular Sets, Pumping Lemma for Regular Sets, Decision Algorithm for Regular Sets, Myhill-Nerode Theorem, Minimization of Finite Automata.

### 3. Context Free Grammars and Languages:

Context Free Grammars and Languages, Derivation Trees, Simplification of Context Free Grammars, Normal Forms, Pumping Lemma for CFL, closure properlties of CFL's, Decision Algorithm for CFL.

### 4. Push down Automata and Deterministic CFL:

Informal Description, Definitions, Push-Down Automata and Context free Languages, Parsing and Push-Down Automata.

## 5. Universal Turing Machines and Undecidability:

Design and Techniques for Construction of Turing Machines, Undecidability of PCP. Chomsky Hierarchy, Regular Grammars, Unrestricted Grammars, Context Sensitive languages, Relationship between classes of languages.

TEXT BOOKS: Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages & Computation By J.E.Hopcraft & Jeffery D.Ulman – Narosa Publishing Company.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

Theory of Computer Science By Mishra & Chandra

Sekharan, PHI.

An Introduction To Formal Languages and Automata, 3e By Peter Linz - Narosa Publishing House.

CSE 3.1.5 FILE STRUCTURES Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ. Exam Marks: 70

#### **File Processing Operations**

Physical and logical files, opening, reading & writing and closing files in C, seeking and special characters in files, physical devices and logical files, file-related header files in C

#### **Secondary Storage**

Disks – organization, tracks, sectors, blocks, capacity, non-data overhead, cost of a disk access, Magnetic Tape – types, performance, organization estimation of tape length and data transmission times, disk vs tape, CD-ROM – CD-ROM as a file structure, physical organization, strengths and weakness of cd-roms, storage hierarchy

#### Byte Journey and buffer Management

File manager, I/O buffer, I/O processing, buffer strategies and bottlenecks

#### **File Structure Concepts**

A stream file, field structures, reading a stream of fields, record structures and that uses a length indicator, Mixing numbers and characters – use of a hex dump, reading the variable length records from the files

### Managing records in C files

Retrieving records by keys, sequential search, direct access, choosing a record structure and record length, header records, file access and file organization

#### Organizing files for performance

Data compression, reclaiming space – record deletion and storage compaction, deleting fixed-length records for reclaiming space dynamically, deleting variable-length records, space fragmentation, replacement strategies.

### **Indexing**

Index, A simple index with an entry sequenced file, basic operations on an indexed, entry sequenced file, indexes that are too large to hold in memory, indexing to provide access by multiple keys, retrieval using combination of secondary keys, improving the secondary index structure – inverted lists

#### Indexed sequential file access and prefix B<sup>+</sup> Trees

Indexed sequential access, maintaining a sequence set, adding a simple index to the sequence set, the  $^+$  tree, simple prefix  $B^+$ 

content of the index: separators instead of keys, the simple prefix B tree maintenance, index set block size, internal set block size, internal structure of index set blocks: a variable  $B^+$  tree rder B-tree, loading a simple prefix

#### Special Note: Implementation in C only

### Hashing

Collisions in hashing, a simple hashing algorithms, hashing functions and record distributions, memory requirements, collision resolution by progressive overflow, buckets, deletions

#### Extendable hashing

Working of extendable hashing, implementation, deletion, extendable hashing performance

#### **Designing file structure for CD-ROM**

Tree structure on CD-ROM, hashing files on CD-ROM, CD-ROM file structure

**Text Book:** File Structures – An Object Oriented Approach with  $C^{++}$  by Michael J. Folk, Bill Zoellick and Greg Riccardi,, Pearson

### CSE 3.1.6 OPERATING SYSTEMS Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Week./Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ\_ Exam: 3 Hours Univ\_ Exam Marks:70

**Introduction:** What IS OS; History of Operating Systems, Operating System Concepts, Operating Systems Structure

**Processes:** Introduction to Processes, Inter Processor Communication, Classical IPC Problems, Process Scheduling

**Memory Management**: Memory Management without Swapping or Paging, Swapping, Virtual Memory, Page Replacement Algorithms, Modeling paging algorithms, Design issues for paging systems, Segmentation

**File Systems And Input/Output :** Files, Directories, File system implementation, Security, Protection mechanism, Principles of I/O Software, Disk Management

**Deadlocks**: Resources, Deadlocks, The O-----ptical Algorithm, Deadlock Detection and Recovery, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Prevention, Other Issues

Case Study: Unix: Fundamental Concepts in Unix, MS - DOS: Fundamental Concepts in MS-DOS

Text Book: Modern Operating Systems by Andrew S. Tanenbaum

Reference: Applied Operating Systems Concepts by Avi Silberschatz, Peter Galvin, Grey Gagne

### CSE 3.1.7 OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB. Credits:2

Lab: 3 periods/week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ\_Exam: 3 hours. Univ\_Exam marks: 50

- 1. Study of laboratory environment:
  - Hardware specifications, software specifications
- 2. Simple Unix-C programs:
  - Programs using system calls, library function calls to display and write strings on standard output device and files.
- 3. Programs using fork system calls.
- 2. Programs for error reporting using errno, perror() function.
- 3. Programs using pipes.
- 4. Shell programming.
- 5. Programs to simulate process scheduling like FCFS, Shortest Job First and Round Robin.
- 6. Programs to simulate page replacement algorithms like FIFO, Optimal and LRU.
- 7. Programs to simulate free space management.
- 8. Programs to simulate virtual memory.
- 10. Programs to simulate deadlock detection.

### **References:**

Unix concepts and applications by Sumitabha Das, TMH Publications. Unix programming by Stevens, Pearson Education.

Shell programming by Yashwanth Kanetkar.

Operating System Concepts by Silberschatz, and Peter Galvin.

### CSE 3.1.8 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB Credits:2

Lab: 3 periods/week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ\_Exam: 3 hours. Univ\_Exam marks: 50

### C++

- 1. Program that implements stack operations using classes and objects.
- 2.Program performing complex number addition using friend functions.
- 3. Program for complex number addition using operator overloading.
- 4. Program to perform string operations by overloading operators.
- 5. Program on hierarchical inheritance showing public, private and protected inheritances.
- 6.Program for computation of students result using hybrid inheritance.
- 7. Program implementing bubble-sort using templates.
- 8. Program on virtual functions.
- 9.Program for handling PushOnFull and PopOnEmpty Exceptions for a Stack.
- 10.Program for copying one file to another file using streams.
- 11..Program for writing and reading a class object to a file.

#### **JAVA**

- 1.Program on packages.
- 2. Write a program to copy contents of a file into another file using File streams.
- 3. Program on hierarchical inheritance.
- 4.Program for handling ArrayIndexOutofBoundsException and Divide-by-zero Exception.
- 5. Program for custom exception creation.
- 6.Program on multi-threading showing how CPU time is shared among all the threads.
- 7. Program for Producer-Consumer problem using threads.
- 8. Program for BannerApplet.
- 9. Program for implementing a Calculator.
- 10. Program for implementing mouse events, (drawing lines, curves using mouse etc.,)
- 11.Program on JDBC connectivity where database is Oracle.
- 12. Program to send messages across two machines using simple sockets.

Credits:1

#### CSE 3.19 SOFT SKILLS LAB

Lab: 3 periods/week Sessional Marks: 100 Univ\_Exam-- Univ\_Exam marks: --

**Communication:** Importance of communication-Non verbal communication-Personal appearance-Posture-Gestures-Facial expressions-Eye contact-Space distancing

Goal setting: Immediate, short term, long term -Smart goals, strategies to achieve goals

**Time management:** Types of time-Identifying time wasters-Time management skills

**Leadership and team management:** Qualities of a good leader-Leadership styles-Decision making Problem solving-Negotiation skills

**Group discussions:** Purpose (Intellectual ability, creativity, approach to a problem, solving, tolerance, qualities of a leader)
Group behavior, Analyzing performance

**Job interviews:** Identifying job openings-Preparing resumes & CV-Covering letter-Interview (Opening, body-answer Q, close-ask Q)-Types of questions

#### Reference books:

- 1. 'Effective Technical Communications' by Rizvi M. Ashraf, McGraw-Hill Publication
- 2. 'Developing Communication Skills' by Mohan Krishna & Meera Banerji, Macmillan
- 3. 'Creative English for Communication' by N.Krishnaswami & T.Sriraman, Macmillan
- 4. 'Professional Communication Skills' by Jain Alok, Pravin S.R. Bhatia & A.M. Sheikh, S.Chand & Co.

# III/IV B.TECH.(CSE) II - SEMESTER

CSE 3.2.1 COMPILER DESIGN Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Week./Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ\_Exam: 3 Hours Univ\_Exam Marks:70

**The Theory of Automata**: Definition and description, Transition systems, properties, Acceptability of string, NDFA, Equivalence in between DFA & NDFA. Grammars, Types of Grammars, Grammars and Automata, Regular expressions, Finite Automata and Regular expressions, Regular sets and Regular Grammars.

Overall view of Compilers: Brief discussion on various phases of Compilers.

Design of lexical analyzer.

**Design of Parsers**: Shift Reduce parser, Operator Precedence Parser, Predictive Parser, LR parser, SLR parser. LALR parser.

**Syntax Directed Translation**: Syntax directed translation and implementation, Intermediate code, Postfix notation, parsing tree, Three address Code, Quadruples, Triples.

**Intermediate Code Optimization**: The principle sources of optimization, Loop Optimization, DAG, Global data flow analysis.

**Code Generation**: Problems, Machine model, A simple code generator, Register allocation and assignment, Code generation from DAG, Peep hole optimization.

Brief discussion on symbol tables, Run-time storage administration.

chapters: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12,15 of the text book.

#### **Text Book**

Principles of Compiler Design by Aho, D. Ullman

### **Reference Books:**

Compiler Construction by Kenneth. C. Louden, Vikas Pub. House.

### CSE 3.2.2 DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

Introduction – Fundamentals of algorithmic problem solving – important problem types – fundamental data structures.

Fundamentals of analysis of algorithms and efficiency – Analysis framework – Asymptotic Notations and Basic Efficiency classes – Mathematical Analysis of Non-recursive Algorithms – Mathematical Analysis of recursive Algorithms – Empirical Analysis of Algorithms – Algorithm Visualization

Brute Force – Selection Sort and Bubble sort – Sequential Search and Brute – Force String Matching – Closest Pair and Convex-Hull Problems by Brute Force – Exhaustive Search

Divide-and-Conquer – Mergesort – Quicksort – Binary Search – Binary Tree Traversals and Related Properties – Multiplication of large integers and Strassen's Matrix Multiplication – Closest- Pair Convex-Hull Problems by Divide- and – Conquer

Decrease – and – Conquer – Insertion Sort – Depth-First Search and Breadth-First Search-Topological Sorting – Algorithms for Generating Combinatorial Objects – Decrease-by-a- Constant-Factor Algorithms – Variable-Size-Decrease Algorithms

Transform-and-Conquer – Presorting – Gaussian Elimination – Balanced Search Trees – Heaps and Heapsort – Horner's Rule and Binary Exponentiation – Problem Reduction

Space and Time Tradeoffs – Sorting by Counting – Input Enhancement in string Matching – Hashing – B-Trees

Dynamic Programming – Computing a Binomial Coefficient – Warshall's and Floyd's Algorithm – Optimal Binary Search Trees - The Knapsack Problem and Memory Functions.

Greedy Technique – Prim's Algorithm – Kruskal's Algorithm – Dijkstra's Algorithm – Huffman Trees Limitations of Algorithm Power – Lower-Bound Arguments – Decision Trees – P, NP and NP – complete problems – Challenges of Numerical Algorithms

Coping with the Limitations of Algorithms Power – Backtracking – Branch-and-Bound – Approximation Algorithms for NP-hard Problems – Algorithms for solving Nonlinear Equations.

#### Text Book:

Introduction to Design & Analysis of Algorithms by Anany Levitin, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H. Corman, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald R. Rivest & Clifford Stein, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, New Delhi
- 2. The Design and Analysis of computer Algorithms, Aho, Hopcroft & Ullman, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- Fundamentals of algorithmics, Gilles Brassard & Paul Bratley, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi

### CSE 3.2.3 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

**Introduction to DBMS**: Overview, File system vs DBMS, Advantages of DBMS, Storage data, queries, Transaction Management, DBMS structure

**E-R model**: Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relation ship and Relation ship sets, Features of ER model, Conceptual database design with ER model

**Relational model**: Integrity constraints over relations and enforcement, Querying relation data, Logical database design, views, destroying/altering tables and views

Relational Languages: algebra and calculus

**SQL**: Basic SQL, Query, union, interest, except, Nested Queries, Aggregated Operation, Null values, Embedded SQL, cursors, ODBC and JDBC, Triggers and Active database, designing active databases

**Schema refinement and normal forms**: Schema refinement, fds, reasoning normal forms, normalization up to 3<sup>rd</sup> & BC normal forms, lossless join & dependency preserving decomposition

**Transaction management**: Transaction concept, transactions and schedules, concurrent execution of transactions, lock – based concurrency control, crash recovery

Concurrency control: Lock management, specialized locking techniques, concurrency control without locking

Crash Recovery: Aries, recovering from a system crash, media recovery

#### **Text Book:**

Database Management Systems by Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, McGraw-Hill

### CSE 3.2.4 DATA COMMUNICATIONS Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

1. An Introduction to Data Communications:

A Communications Model, Data Communications and Data Communications

Networking, Protocols and Protocol Architecture, Characteristics of Data Transmission: Concepts and Terminology, Analog and Digital Data Transmission, Transmission

#### Impairments

2. Transmission Media:

Guided Transmission Media, Wireless Transmission Data Encoding, Digital Data, Digital Signals, Digital Data, Analog Signals, Analog Data, Digital Signals, Analog Data, Analog Signals

3. The Data Communication Interface

Asynchronous and Synchronous Transmission, Line Configurations, Interfacing.

Data Link Control Flow Control, Error Detection, Error Control, High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC), Other Data Link Control Protocols.

4. Data Communications Hardware: Terminals

Introduction, Basic Terminal Components, Enhanced Terminal Components, General-Purpose Terminals, Remote Job Entry Terminals, Transaction Terminals, Clustering of Terminal Devices. Communications Processing Hardware Introduction, Switching Processors, Multidrop Lines, Multiplexers, Concentrators, Front-End

#### Processors.

5. Modems:

Network Attachment and Regulations, Line Conditioning and Leased Lines, Modems and Modem Circuits. Multiplexing: Frequency-Division Multiplexing, Synchronous Time-Division Multiplexing: Characteristics, TDM Link Control, Digital Carrier Systems Statistical Time-Division Multiplexing: Characteristics.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. William Stallings, Data and Computer Communications, 7th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2004
- 2. Mary E.S. Loomis, Data Communications, PHI-N.J., 1983 (Capter 3, Chapter 5)
- 3. Paul Bates, Practical Digital and Data Communications, PHI-N.J, 1987(Chapter5)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1.Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking, 3rd EditionTMH, 2004
- 2. William A. Shay, Understanding Data Communications & Networks, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

Thomson-Brooks/Cole - Vikas publishing House, 1999

3. Michale A. Miller, Data & Network Communications, Thomson/Delmar - Vikas Publishing House, 2000

### CSE 3.2.5 ELECTIVE-II PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30

Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

Languages Design Issues: Why Study Programming Languages, A Short History of Programming Languages, Role of Programming Languages, Programming Environments

**Impact of Machine Architectures**: The Operation of a Computer, Virtual Computers and Binding Times

**Language Translation Issues**: Programming Language Syntax, Stages in Translation, Formal Translation Models, Recursive Descent Parsing.

Modeling Language Properties: Formal Properties of Languages, Language Semantics.

Elementary Data Types: Properties of Types and Objects, Scalar Data Types, Composite Data Types Encapsulation:

Structured Data Types, Abstract Data Types, Encapsulation by Subprograms, Type Definitions.

Inheritance: Abstract Data Types Revisited, Inheritance, Polymorphism

**Sequence Control**: Implement and Explicit Sequence Control, Sequence with Arithmetic Expressions, Sequence Control Between Statements, Sequencing with

Nonarithmatic Expressions.

**Subprogram Control**: Subprogram Sequence Control, Attributes of Data Control, Parameter Transmission, Explicit Common Environment.

**Storage Management**: Elements Requiring Storage, Programmer- and System - Controlled Storage, Static Storage Management, Heap Storage Management

**Distributed Processing**: Variations on Subprogram Control, Parallel Programming, Hardware Developments, Software Architecture.

Network Programming: Desktop Publishing, The World Wide Web

#### Text Book:

Programming languages – Design and Implementation by Terrence W. Pratt Marvin V. Zelkowitz. 3 rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.

### **References:**

- Concepts of Programming Languages by Robert L. Sebesta, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education
- 2. Fundamentals of Programming Languages, Design & Implementation by Seyed H.Roosta. Vikas publications.
- 3. Programming Languages by Paradigm and Practice Doris Appleby Julius J. Vendekopple Tata McGraw Hill Edition.

## CSE 3.2.5 ELECTIVE-II BIOINFORMATICS

Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

#### 1. Introduction:

Definitions, Sequencing, Biological sequence/structure, Genome Projects, Pattern recognition an prediction, Folding problem, Sequence Analysis, Homology and Analogy.

#### 2. Protein Information Resources

Biological databases, Primary sequence databases, Protein Sequence databases, Secondary databases, Protein pattern databases, and Structure classification databases.

#### 3. Genome Information Resources

DNA sequence databases, specialized genomic resources

## 4. DNA Sequence analysis

Importance of DNA analysis, Gene structure and DNA sequences, Features of DNA sequence analysis, EST (Expressed Sequence Tag) searches, Gene hunting, Profile of a cell, EST analysis, Effects of EST data on DNA databases

#### 5. Pair wise alignment techniques

Database searching, Alphabets and complexity, Algorithm and programs, Comparing two sequences, subsequences, Identity and similarity, The Dotplot, Local and global similarity, different alignment techniques, Dynamic Programming, Pair wise database searching.

#### 6. Multiple sequence alignment

Definition and Goal, The consensus, computational complexity, Manual methods, Simultaneous methods, Progressive methods, Databases of Multiple alignments and searching

## 7. Secondary database searching

Importance and need of secondary database searches, secondary database structure and building a sequence search protocol

## 8. Analysis packages

Analysis package structure, commercial databases, commercial software, comprehensive packages, packages specializing in DNA analysis, Intranet Packages, Internet Packages.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Introduction to Bioinformatics, T K Attwood & D J Parry-Smith

Addison Wesley Longman

2. Bioinformatics- A Beginner's Guide, Jean-Michel Claveriw, Cerdric Notredame

WILEY dreamlech India Pvt. Ltd

## **Reference Books:**

1. Introduction to Bioinformatics, Arthur M.Lesk, OXFORD publishers (Indian Edition)

Credits:4

## CSE 3.2.5 ELCTIVE-II IMAGE PROCESSING

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

## 1. Fundamentals of Image Processing

Image Acquisition, Image Model, Sampling, Quantization, Relationship between pixels, distance measures, connectivity, Image Geometry, Photographic film. Histogram: Definition, decision of contrast basing on histogram, operations basing on histograms like image stretching, image sliding, Image classification. Definition and Algorithm of Histogram equalization.

2. Image Transforms:-

A detail discussion on Fourier Transform, DFT,FFT, properties. A brief discussion on WALSH Transform, WFT, HADAMARD Transform, DCT.

- 3. Image Enhancement: (by SPATIAL Domain Methods)
- a )Arithmetic and logical operations, pixel or point operations, size operations, b. Smoothing filters- Mean, Median, Mode filters Comparative study, c.. Edge enhancement filters Directorial filters, Sobel, Laplacian, Robert, KIRSCH, Homogeneity & DIFF Filters, prewitt filter, Contrast Based edge
- enhancement techniques. Comparative study. d. Low Pass filters, High Pass filters, sharpening filters. Comparative Study. e. Comparative study of all filters. f. Color image processing.
- 4. Image enhancement: (By FREQUENCY Domain Methods). Design of Low pass, High pass, EDGE Enhancement, smoothening filters in Frequency Domain. Butter worth filter, Homomorphic filters in Frequency Domain. Advantages of filters in frequency domain, comparative study of filters in frequency domain and spatial domain.
- 5. Image compression: Definition, A brief discussion on Run length encoding, contour coding, Huffman code, compression due to change in domain, compression due to quantization, Compression at the time of image transmission. Brief discussion on:- Image Compression standards.
- 6. Image Segmentation: Definition, characteristics of segmentation. Detection of Discontinuities, Thresholding Pixel based segmentation method. Region based segmentation methods segmentation by pixel aggregation, segmentation by sub region aggregation, histogram based segmentation, spilt and merge technique. Use of motion in segmentation (spatial domain technique only)

## 7. Morphology:-

Dilation, Erosion, Opening, closing, Hit-and-Miss transform, Boundary extraction, Region filling, connected components, thinning, Thickening, skeletons, Pruning Extensions to Gray – Scale Images Application of Morphology in I.P

#### Text Book:

Digital Image Processing , Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Addision Wesley Reference books:

- 1. Fundamentals of Electronic Image Processing ,Arthur .R. Weeks, Jr. (PHI)
- 2. Image processing, Analysis, and Machine vision, Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, Vikas Publishing House.

Credits:4

# CSE 3.2.5 ELECTIVE-II V H D L

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

- 1. Overview of Digital Design with Vermilion HDL
- 2. Hierarchical Modeling Concepts
- 3. Basic Concepts
- 4. Modules and ports
- 5. Gate-Level Modeling
- 6. Dataflow Modeling
- 7. Behaviour Modeling
- 8. Tasks and Functions

## **Text Book:**

1. Verilog HDL – A Guide to Digital Design and Synthesis, Samir Palnitkar, Pearson Education Pte. Ltd. (chapters: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8), 2001

## **Reference Books:**

- $1.\ Fundamentals\ of\ Digital\ Logic\ with\ Verilog\ Design,\ Stephen\ Brown\ and\ Zvonko\ Vranesic,\ Tata-McgrawHill,\ 2002$
- 2. A Verilog HDL Primer, J. Bhasker, Second Edition, Star galaxy Pub., 1999

## CSE 3.2.5 ELECTIVE-II WEB TECHNOLOGIES Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

HTML Common tags- List, Tables, images, forms, Frames; Cascading Style sheets;

Java Script: - Introduction to Java Scripts, Objects in Java Script, Dynamic HTML with Java Script

XML: Document type definition, XML Schemas, Document Object model, Presenting XML, Using XML Processors: DOM and SAX

Java Beans: Introduction to Java Beans, Advantages of Java Beans, BDK, Introspection, Using Bound properties, Bean Info Interface, Constrained properties Persistence, Customizes, Java Beans API, Introduction to EJB's

**Web Servers and Servlets:** Tomcat web server, **Introduction** to Servelets: Lifecycle of a Serverlet, The Servelet API, The javax.servelet Package, Reading Servelet parameters, Reading Initialization parameters. The javax.servelet HTTP package, Handling Http Request & Responses, Using Cookies-Session Tracking, Security Issues,

JSP Application Development: Generating Dynamic Content, Using Scripting Elements Implicit JSP Objects, Conditional Processing – Displaying Values Using an Expression to Set an Attribute, Declaring Variables and Methods Error Handling and Debugging Sharing Data Between JSP pages, Requests, and Users Passing Control and Date between Pages – Sharing Session and Application Data – Memory Usage Considerations

**Database Access:** Database Programming using JDBC, Studying Javax.sql.\* package, Accessing a Database from Servlets & JSP Page, Application – Specific Database Actions, Deploying JAVA Beans in a JSP Page, Introduction to struts framework.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Internet and World Wide Web How to program by Dietel and Nieto PHI/Pearson Education Asia.
- 2. Advanced Java™ 2 Platform How to Program, Deitel/Deitel/Santry
- 3. Java Server Pages Hans Bergsten, SPD O'Reilly

#### **REFERENCE:**

- 1. HTML Black Book: The Programmer's Complete HTML Reference Book-by Steven Holzner
- Core SERVLETS ANDJAVASERVER PAGES VOLUME 2: CORE TECHNOLOGIES by Marty Hall and Larry Brown Pearson

## CSE 3.2.6 COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1Tut/Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ\_Exam:3 Hours Univ\_Exam Marks:70

Computer Evolution, Computational Models The Concept of Computer Architecture Introduction to Parallel Processing Introduction to Instruction-Level Parallel Processors Pipelined Processors VLIW Architectures Superscalar Processors Processing of Control Transfer Instructions Code Scheduling of ILP-Processors Introduction to Data-Parallel Architectures Introduction to MIMD Architectures

#### **Text Books:**

1.Dezso Sima, Terence Fountain, Peter Kacsuk, Advanced Computer Architectures: A Design Space Approach, Pearson Education Inc., 1997.

2. J. L. Hennessy and D. A. Patterson, *Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishing Co., 2002.

#### Reference Text

- 1. William Stalling, *Computer Organization & Architecture: Designing for Performance*, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, PHI, 2003.
- 2. Kai Hwang, Advanced Computer Architecture: Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability, TMH, 2001

## CSE 3.2.7 MICROPROCESSOR-II LAB Credits:2

Lab: 3 Periods/week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 50

#### INTERFACING WITH 8085 TRAINER

- 1.1 MEMORY INTERFACE (Interfacing SRAM and EPROM)
- 1.2 TOGGLE SWITCH KEYBOARD AND LED DISPLAY INTERFACE
- 1.3 HEX KEYBOARD AND DOT MATRIX HEX LED DISPLAY INTERFACE
- 1.4 ASCII KEYBOARD INTERFACE
- 1.5 PUSH BUTTON KEYBOARD MATRIX (8x3) INTERFACE WITH 8085 ICE
- 1.6 8279-PROGRAMMABLE KEYBOARD/DISPLAY INTERFACE
- 1.7 CRT TERMINAL INTERFACE

## INTERFACING WITH PC

- 2.1 STEEPER MOTOR CONTROLLER
- 2.2 DAC/ADC INTERFACE
- 2.3 8253 TIMER INTERFACE
- 2.4 MULTIPLEXED DOT MATRIX HEX LEDs INTERFACE
- 2.5 40-COL./80COL. D.M. PRINTER INTERFACE
- 2.6 8051 PROGRAMMING EXERCISES
- 2.7 TRAFFIC LIGHT CONTROLLER INTERFACE

## CSE 3.2.8 DBMS LAB Credits:2

Lab: 3 Periods/week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 50

Study features of a commercial RDBMS package such as ORACLE/DB2, MS Access, MYSQL & Structured Query Language (SQL) used with the RDBMS.( Select two of RDMSs)

Laboratory exercises should include defining schemas for applications, creation of a database, writing SQL queries, to retrieve information from the database, use of host languages, interface with the embedded SQL, use of forms & report writing packages available with the chosen RDBMS product.

Some sample applications, which may be programmed, are given below: Accounting package for a shop,

Database manager for a Magazine agency or a newspaper agency, Ticket booking for performances,

Preparing greeting cards & birthday cards,

Personal accounts - Insurance, loans, mortgage payments, etc., Doctor's diary

& billing system,

Personal bank account, Class marks management, Hostel accounting, Video Tape library, History of cricket

Cable TV transmission program manager, Personal

library.

## IV/IV B.TECH.(CSE) I - SEMESTER

# CSE 4.1.1 Object Oriented Software Engineering Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

1. Software Engineering:

Software related problems, software engineering, concepts, development activities

- 2. Modeling: Modeling with UML
- 3. Project Communications:

Project communication, modes, mechanisms and activities

4. Requirements:

Requirements elicitation, concepts, activities & managing requirements elicitation

5. Analysis:

Analysis overview, concepts, activities and managing analysis

6. System Design:

Design overview, concepts, activities and managing system design

7. Object Design:

Object design overview, concepts, activities and managing object design

8. Rationale Management:

Rationale overview, concepts, activities and managing rationale

9. Testing:

Testing overview, concepts, activities and managing testing

10. Software Configuration Management:

Configuration Management overview, concepts, activities and managing configuration management

11. Project Management:

Project management overview, concepts, activities and managing project management models and activities.

## Text Book:

Object-Oriented Software Engineering: Conquering Complex and Changing Systems

Bernd Bruegge and Allen H. Dutoit

Pearson Education Asia

#### Reference Book:

Object-Oriented Software Engineering: Practical software development using UML and Java

Timothy C. Lethbridge and Robert Laganiere

McGraw-Hill Higher education

## CSE 4.1.2 COMPUTER NETWORKS Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. / Week Sessional Marks: 30

Univ.-Exam : 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

Switched Networks, Circuit-Switching Networks, Circuit Switching Concepts, Soft switch Architecture, Packet Switching Principles, X.25, Frame Relay

**Asynchronous** Transfer Mode: Protocol Architecture, ATM Logical Connections, ATM Cells, ATM Service Categories, Routing in Switched Networks

**Congestion** Control in Switched Data Networks: Effects of Congestion, Congestion Control, Traffic management, Congestion Control in Packet Switched networks

Principles of Cellular Networks

Local Area Network Overview: Background, Topologies and transmission media, LAN Protocol

Architecture, Bridges, Layer 2 and Layer 3 Switches

**High Speed LANs**: The Emergence of High Speed LANs, Ethernet

**Wireless LANs**: Overview, Wireless LAN Technology, IEEE802.11 Architecture and Services. **Internet Protocols**: Basic protocol Functions, Principles of Internetworking, Connectionless Internetworking, Internet Protocol

**Internet Operation**: Multicasting, Routing Protocols: Autonomous Systems & Approaches to Routing **Transport protocols**: Connection oriented Transport Protocol Mechanisms: Reliable Sequencing Network Service, TCP: TCP Services, TCP Header Format, TCP Mechanisms, UDP

Distributed Applications: Electronic Mail: SMTP, HTTP Overview, Network Management Systems, SNMPv1

**Text Book:** Data and Computer Communications, William Stallings 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2004 **Reference Books**:

- 1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, TMH, 2004
- Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2002
- 3. Computer Networks,  $\,$  Andrew S. Tanenbaum,  $4^{th}$  Edition, Pearson Education, 2003
- 4 An Engineering Approach to Computer Networking, S. Keshav, Pearson Education, 1997
- 5 Computer Networks and Internets with Internet Applications, Ddouglas e. Comer, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2003

## CSE 4.1.3 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30

Univ.-Exam : 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Artificial Intelligence Technique, Representation of a problem as State space search, production systems, Problem characteristics, Production System characteristics

Heuristic Search Technologies

Generate & Test Hill Climbing, Best First search, Problem reduction, Constraint satisfaction, Means Endo Analysis

Predicate Logic

Proof with Backward Chaining, Resolution, question answering.

Representing Knowledge Using Rules:

Procedural Vs Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward Vs Backward Reasoning, Matching, Control Knowledge

Symbolic Reasoning with uncertainty

Non-monotonic Reasoning, Dependency – Directed Backtracking TMS.

Statistical Reasoning with Bayes Theorem, certainty Factors & Rule Based System, DS-Theory.

Weak & Strong Slot Filler Structures

Semantic nets, Frames, Conceptual dependencies, Scripts

Planning

Block world, Components of a Planning System, Goal State Planning, Non Linear Planning, Hierarchical Planning.

Natural Language Processing

Syntactic Analysis, Semantic Analysis, Discuses and Pragmatic Processing.

**Expert Systems** 

Representing and Using Domain Knowledge, Expert Systems Shells, Explanation

#### Text Books:

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, Rich E & Knight K Tata Mcgrahill (1991)
- 2. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Paterson. PHI

## CSE4.1.4 MANAGEMENT PRINCIPALES Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: **70** 

1. Nature and functions of management:

Importance of management – definition of management – management process – Roles of manager – management \_ a science or art – management \_ a profession.

2. Planning:

Nature of planning – Importance of planning – Types of planning – Steps on planning.

3. Decision – Making:

Meaning of decision – Types of decisions.

4. Organization:

Span of management – principles of organizing – departmentalization.

5. Authority Delegation and Decentralization:

Source of formal authority – difference between authority and power – line and staff authority – delegation of authority – decentralization of authority.

6. Coordination:

Need for coordination – Types of coordination – Techniques of coordination.

7. Direction:

Requirements of effective direction – Motivation.

- 8. Importance of communication Purposes of communication Formal ommunication Informal communication
- Barriers to communication Principles of effective Communication.
- 9. Leadership:

Difference between a leader and a manager – Characteristics of leadership – Functions of a leader – Approaches to leadership – Effective leadership – Leadership style in Indian organizations.

10. Managerial control:

Steps in a control process – Need for control – Types of control methods – Essentials of Effective control systems.

11. Social Responsibilities of Business:

Meaning of social responsibility – social responsibilities of business towards different groups.

#### **Text Book:**

Principles of Management, PC Tripathi, PN Reddy, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.

#### CSE4.1.5 ELECTIVE-III EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

Introduction to embedded systems hardware needs; typical and advanced, timing diagrams, memories (RAM, ROM, EPROM). Tristate devices, Buses, DMA, UART and PLD's. Built-ins on the microprocessor.

Interrupts basics, ISR; Context saving, shared data problem. Atomic and critical section, Interrupt latency. Survey of software architectures, Round Robin, Function queue scheduling architecture, Use of real time operating system.

Credits:4

RTOS, Tasks, Scheduler, Shared data reentrancy, priority inversion, mutex binary semaphore and counting semaphore.

Inter task communication, message queue, mailboxes and pipes, timer functions, events. Interrupt routines in an RTOS environment.

Embedded system software design using an RTOS. Hard realtime and soft real time system principles, Task division, need of interrupt routines, shared data.

Embedded Software development tools. Host and target systems, cross compilers, linkers, locators for embedded systems. Getting embedded software in to the target system.

Debugging techniques. Testing on host machine, Instruction set emulators, logic analysers. In-circuit emulators and monitors.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. David A. Simon, An Embedded Software Primer, Pearson Education, Inc., 1999
- 2. Sriram V Iyer and Pankaj Gupta, Embedded Real Time Systems programming, TMH, 2004

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Frank Vahid/ Tony Givargis, Embedded Systems Design A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2002
- 2. Raj Kamal, Embedded Systems, Architecture, Programming and Design, TMH, 2003

## CSE 4.1.5 ELECTIVE-III RANDOM PROCESSES IN ENGINEERING Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut./week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

1.STOCHASTIC PROCESSES:- Notion of Stochastic Process, Classification of Stochastic Process according to Time and State Space; Discrete time Morkovchains, n th step transition probabilities, stationery distribution of Morkovchains, Poisson process, Properties of Poisson; Birth and Death Process, Time dependent Birth and Death process, Renewal theory, Applications of elementary renewal theorem and key renewal theorem.

- 2. Stationary and Non Stationary processes:- AR Process; NA Process; ARMA Process, ARIMA Process, Box and Jinkins Models, Correlogram analysis, Periodogram analysis, Spectrum of a Process.
- 3.QUEUEING THEORY:- Non Morkovchian queues, Phase type Technique, Embedded Markovchains Technique, GI/G/I Queues model, Polzak. Kintchins formula, queues with bulk arrivals queues with bulk services.
- 4. PRIORITY QUEUING MODELS:- Queues in Series, Queues in Parallel, Scheduling algorithms, Throughput analysis and waiting time distributions, Applications of Queuing theory in Communication Networks.
- 5.RELIABILITY ANALYSIS:- Concepts of Reliability, Failure Time distributions, Hazard rate functions, Reliability of a component, Bath- tub curve, System reliability, Series systems, parallel systems, Stand by redundancy, Availability, Maintainability, Fault tree constructions, Fault analysis.

#### **REFERRENCES:**

- Probability, Statistics and Random Processes By T. Veerarajan Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Probability and Statistics with Reliability , Queueing & Computer Science Applications By Kishore S. Trivedi (Prentice Hall)

## CSE 4.1.6 OPERATIONS RESEARCH Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut /week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

Overview of operations Research: OR models – OR Techniques

**Linear Programming**: Introduction – Graphical solution; Graphical sensitivity analysis – The standard form of linear programming problems – Basic feasible solutions - unrestricted variables – simplex algorithm – artificial variables – Big M and two phase method – Degeneracy - alternative optima – unbounded solutions – infeasible solutions.

Dual problems- Relation between primal and dual problems – Dual simplex method Transportation model – starting solutions. North West corner Rule - lowest cost method –Vogels approximation method – Transportation algorithms –Assignment problem – Hungarian Method.

**Network Models**: Definitions – CPM and PERT – Their Algorithms Integer Programming: Branch and Bound Algorithms cutting plan algorithm.

**Dynamic Programming**: Recursive nature of dynamic programming – Forward and Backward Recursion

**Deterministic Inventory Models :** Static EOQ Models – Dynamic EOQ models.

**Game theory**: Two person Zero Sum Games – Mixed strategy games and their Algorithms.

#### **Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Operations Research by HILLIER/LIEBERMAN, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Operations Research by R Panneerselvan, Prentice Hall of India.

Credits:2

## CSE 4.1.7 Graphics & Multimedia Laboratory

Lab: 3 Periods/week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ. Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 50

# Graphics: using any graphic package.

- 1. Drawing various types of lines and curves.
- 2. Creating various types text and fonts.
- 3. Creating two dimensional objects using the lines and curves
- 4. Animating the two dimensional pictures using transformations.
- 5. Coloring the pictures and Zooming.
- 6. Creating an object and applying animation of key framing.
- 7. Creating three dimensional objects using wire frame modeling.
- 8. Rotation, scaling and translating the 3 D objects.
- 9. Coloring the 3 D objects.
- 10. Shading the 3 D objects
- 11. Rendering the objects
- 12. Creating smooth surfaces.
- 13. Creating rugged surfaces based on fractal geometry.

## Multimedia:

- 1 Preproduction & Presentation Graphics: Create a 7-10 slide presentation in your favorite presentation graphics application. (Power point is suggested; Corel Presentations 9 is free and is acceptable.)
- 2. Typefaces and Graphics: Create 1 vector and 1 bitmap graphic; they must be *your original work* created in any of the acceptable tools.
- Desktop Publishing: Create a 2-page desktop-published "newsletter," possibly using your "What is Multimedia?" text. Include graphics.
- 4. Production Planning and Design: Create a proposal of project. Include summary, flowchart, element and resource lists.
- User Interface Design & Graphics II: Create a user interface for your final project. Include 2 backgrounds and 1 button set. Aim for a cohesive look.
- Multimedia Sound: Create 2 soundtracks and 2 EFX sounds for a previous project.
- 7. Digital Video: Use video capture to digitize your video shoot ro another video source to create short production (15-45 seconds)
- 8. Create three basic Web pages using Dreamweaver / flash or other authoring package or write bare HTML if you are able; pages must be linked and must include at least one graphic per page.

#### Books:

- 1) Prabhat K. Andleigh & Kiran Thakrar, "Mulitmedia Systems Design", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 2) Calleen Coorough, "Multimedia and the Web Creating digital Excitement", Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3) James E. Shuman, "Multimedia in Action", Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.

CSE 4.1.8 Object Oriented Software Engineering Laboratory Credits:2 Lab: 3 Periods/week Sessional Marks: 50

Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:50

## **Computing Platform:**

Each student group chooses its own platform, subject to approval by the instructor

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. They can design and implement complex software solutions using state of the art software engineering techniques.
- 2. The have working knowledge of UML, source control, and project management.
- 3. They have deep knowledge of the technologies they used for implementing their project.
- 4. They know how to test and document software.
- 5. They are capable of working as part of a software team and develop significant projects under a tight deadline.
- 6. They are able to present their work in a professional manner.

#### **Topics to beCovered:**

- 1. Software Engineering Process.
- 2. Unified Modeling Language (UML).
- 3. Data Structures and Specification.
- 4. Object-oriented design.
- 5. Debugging.

#### **Syllabus Flexibility:**

High. The students are free to chose a project based on the instructor's approval.

#### **Assessment Methods:**

- Group meetings with faculty: initial proposal, code review, tracer-bullet implementation demo, final demo.
- 2. Design documents. Write-up.
- 3. Code documentation.
- 4. Presentations.

the students give their final presentations and demos.

Also, each project team meets individually with the instructor at least four times during the semester. The agenda for each of the four meeting is as follows:

- 1. Team presents project idea and has it approved by instructor. (first month)
- 2. design/code review. Instructor goes over design/code with the team to point out problems and formalize requirements. Instructor determines requirements for tracer-bullet implementation. (second month)
- 3. Tracer-bullet implementation demo. Team shows that it has achieved full vertical integration functionality. Instructor notices missed requirements and reminds students of requirements for final project.(beginning of third month).

Final meeting. Verify requirements, design, documentation, testing, write-up, division of labor, etc. (last month).

Sessional Marks Allotment: Monthly Meeting Participation: 10% Monthly Progress Reports: 15% Design/code Document: 15% Presentation: 10% Prototype Demonstration: 10% Final Project Demonstration: 30% Final Project Report: 10%

#### **General Software Engineering Tips:**

Be careful when making major modifications and keep backups! A good motto: There is no such thing as a safe software change.

One of the biggest mistakes that even professional software teams make is modifying code at the last minute.

Either resist the urge to make last minute changes, or keep them isolated and well-marked so that they can be backed out easily if necessary.

Test, test, test!!! You must test your system thoroughly after making any change, no matter how small. Else you will not know if a bug was introduced! You will get no sympathy if you break your system at the last minute.

## **Regression Testing:**

A good habit to get into: frequently run your program on an extensive test set.

Once you have a prototype, create a set of examples that your program handles correctly. Generate files of the input and the correct output as a *test set*.

When you make significant changes, run your program on the test set. If the output is different, then you will know that you've introduced a bug. (Or if the output is improved, you should update the test set.)

Put together an extensive regression set! If it alerts you to one major bug (and it always does), then it is time well spent.

After verifying that a new change is "safe", save a version of your entire system! Never, EVER make changes to the saved version – it is a reliable version that you can recover in an emergency.

#### **Documentation:**

Get into the habit of documenting your code quickly as you go. If you think you'll remember why you did something, you are probably wrong.

Computer scientists typically hate to do documentation. One reason is that they leave it all for the end!

Get into the habit of writing small comments as you go. A few comments, explaining what's happening and why, can make a world of difference.

When you make a change, mark it with your initials, the date, a brief explanation, and an example. This will help enormously if the change needs to be removed or modified, and will prevent thrashing.

## Working as a Team:

Be honest and realistic with your teammates when setting goals. If you fail to meet a promised deadline, it affects the whole team, not just you.

Communication is crucial! Don't make major decisions by yourself, and let people know when you are behind or ahead of schedule.

Try to exploit each other's strengths.

IV/IV B.TECH.(CSE) I - SEMESTER

CSE 4.1.9 INDUSTRIAL TRAINING Credits:2

Instruction: -- Sessional Marks: 100 Univ.-Exam: -- Univ-Exam-Marks:--

The students are supposed to submit a detailed report covering the aspects related to the computer engineering projects that are relevant to the industry in which they received training.

## IV/IV B.TECH.(CSE) II - SEMESTER

CSE 4.2.1 DISTRIBUTED OPERATING SYSTEMS Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. / Week Sessional Marks: 30

Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:70

Introduction to Distributed Systems, What is a Distributed System?, Hard ware concepts, Software concepts, Design issues.

Communication in Distributed Systems, Lay red Protocols, ATM networks, The Client – sever model, Remote Procedure call, Group communication.

Synchronization in Distributed System, Clock Synchronization, Mutual Exclusion, Election algorithms, Atomic transactions, Deadlocks in Distributed Systems.

Process and processors in Distributed System threads, System Models, Processors allocation, Scheduling in Distributed System, Fault tolerance, Real time Distributed System.

Distributed File Systems, Distributed File System Design, Distributed File System implementation, Trends in Distributed File System.

Distributed Shared Memory, Introduction, What is Shared memory?, Consistency models, Page based Distributed Shared memory, Shared – variable Distributed Shared memory, Object based Distributed Shared Memory.

## **TEXT BOOK:**

Distributed Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbanm

#### Reference Book:

Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems, Makes Singhal and Niranjan G.Shivaratna.

## CSE 4.2.2 CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

INTRODUCTION: The need for security-security approaches-principles of security-Plain Text and Cipher Textsubstitution and Transposition Techniques-Encryption and Decryption-Symmetric and Asymmetric Cryptography-Stenography-key range and key size-types of attacks

SYMMETRIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHIC ALGORITHMS: Algorithm types and modes-overview of symmetric key cryptography-DES-IDEA-RC5-BLOWFISH-AES-Differential and Linear Cryptanalysis.

ASYMMETRIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHIC ALGORITHMS: Overview of asymmetric key cryptography- RSA algorithm-symmetric and asymmetric key cryptography together-digital signatures-knapsack algorithm-some other algorithms.

PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE: Introduction-Digital certificates- Private Key management-The PKIX model-Public Key Cryptography Standards- XML, PKI and Security

INTERNET SECURITY PROTOCOLS: Basic concepts-SSL-SHTTP-TSP-SET-SSL versus SET- 3D secure protocol-Electronic money-Email security-WAP security in GSM

USER AUTHENTICATION MECHANISMS: Introduction-Authentication basics-passwords- authentication tokens-certificate based authentication-biometrics authentication-kerberos-SSO approaches

PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATIONS OF CRYPTOGRAPHY/SECURITY: Cryptographic solutions using Java-Cryptographic solutions using Microsoft-cryptographic toolkits-security and operating systems NETWORK SECURITY: Brief Introduction to TCP/IP- firewalls-IP security-Virtual Private Networks- case studies on cryptography and security.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

Cryptography and Network security, Atul Kahate, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub company Ltd., New Delhi

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1) Network Security Private Communication in a public world, Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman & Mike Speciner, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd., New Delhi
- Network Security Essentials Applications and Standards, William Stallings, Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 3) Network Security: The Complete Reference by Roberta Bragg, Mark Phodes-Ousley, Keith Strassberg Tata Mcgraw-Hill

## CSE 4.2.3 DATA WARE HOUSING AND DATA MINING Credits:4

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut. /Week Sessional Marks: 30 Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks: 70

1. Introduction to Data Mining:

Motivation and importance, What is Data Mining, Relational Databases, Data Warehouses, Transactional Databases, Advanced Database Systems and Advanced Database Applications, Data Mining Functionalities, Interestingness of a pattern Classification of Data Mining Systems, Major issues in Data Mining.

- 2. Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology for Data Mining
  - What is a Data Warehouse? Multi-Dimensional Data Model, Data Warehouse Architecture, Data Warehouse Implementation, Development of Data Cube Technology, Data Warehousing to Data Mining
- 3 Data Preprocessing
  - Why Pre-process the Data? Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation Data Reduction, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation
- 4 Data Mining Primitives, Languages and system Architectures, Data Mining Primitives: What defines a Data Mining Task?, A Data Mining query language, Designing Graphical Use Interfaces Based on a Data Mining Query language, Architectures of Data Mining Systems
- 5 Concept Description: Characterization and comparison, What is Concept Description? Data Generalization and summarization-based Characterization, Analytical Characterization: Analysis of Attribute Relevance, Mining Class Comparisons: Discriminating between different Classes, Mining Descriptive Statistical Measures in large Databases
- Mining Association rule in large Databases, Association Rule Mining, Mining Single- Dimensional Boolean Association Rules from Transactional Databases, Mining Multilevel Association Rules from Transaction Databases, Mining Multidimensional Association Rules from Relational Databases and Data Warehouses, From Association Mining to Correlation Analysis, Constraint-Based Association Mining
- 7 Classification and prediction, Concepts and Issues regarding Classification and Prediction, Classification by Decision Tree Induction, Bayesian Classification, Classification by Back-propagation, Classification Based on Concepts from Association Rule Mining, Other Classification Methods like k-Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, Case- Based Reasoning, Generic Algorithms, Rough Set Approach, Fuzzy Set Approaches, Prediction, Classifier Accuracy
- 8 Cluster Analysis

What is Cluster Analysis? Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, A Categorization of Major Clustering Methods

#### Text Book:

Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, Morgan Kaufman Publications

Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Data Mining, Adriaan, Addison Wesley Publication
- 2. Data Mining Techniques, A.K.Pujari, University Press

CSE 4.2.4 DATA COMMUNICATIONS and NETWORK PROGRAMMING LAB. Credits:2

Lab: 3 Periods /week Sessional Marks: 50

Univ.-Exam: 3 Hours Univ-Exam-Marks:50

#### FIRST CYCLE OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1.1 PC-to-PC COMMUNICATIONS UNDER DOS WITH NULL MODEM a) Using Serial Ports and RS-232 C Cable Connection b) Using Paralell Ports and Parallel Cable Connection
- 1.2 PC-to-PC COMMUNICATIONS UNDER DOS WITH MODEM and 4-LINE EXCHANGE Using Communication Software: COMIT or XTALK
- 1.3 PC-to-PC COMMUNICATIONS UNDER WIN 98's DIRECT CABLE CONNECTION with NULL MODEM a) Using Serial Ports and RS-232 C Cable Connection b) Using Parallell Ports and Parallel Cable Connection
- PC-to-PC COMMUNICATIONS UNDER WIN 98's DIAL-UP NETWORKING WITH 1.4 MODEM and 4-LINE EXCHANGE
- PC-to-PC COMMUNICATIONS UNDER WIN 98's HYPER TERMINAL WITH MODEM 1.5 and 4-LINE EXCHANGE
- a) LAN WITH BUS TOPOLOGY with a minimum of two systems
  - i) Windows Peer-to-Peer Network ii) Windows NT Client-Server Network
  - b) LAN WITH STAR TOPOLOGY with a minimum of two systems
- a) LAN WITH BUS TOPOLOGY with a minimum of two systems using NOVELL Netware b) LAN WITH STAR TOPOLOGY with a minimum of two systems using NOVELL Netware

## SECOND CYCLE OF EXPERIMENTS

- 2.1 **INERNET** CONNECTION SET-UP USING **DIAL-UP** NETWORKING
- 2.2 TERMINAL NETWORK WITH UNIX/LINUX SERVER and one or two Terminals
- 2.3 TERMINAL NETWORK WITH UNIX/LINUX SERVER, Terminal Server, and one or two terminals
- 2.4 NETWORK PROGRAMMING EXERCISE-I USING A SIMPLIFIED API

Echo software( Develop echo client and echo server programs and run the two programs on separate computers and verify that they can communicate Chat software (Develop chat client and chat server programs and test to ensure they can communicate). Build a simple file transfer service that consists of client and server

NETWORK PROGRAMMING EXERCISE -II USING THE SOCKET API 2.5

Write an echo client and server using sockets Build a web server using sockets

2.6 CONCURRENT NETWORK PROGRAMMING EXERCISE -III

> Build a Concurrent server(threads) - Create a server capable of handling connections from multiple clients concurrently Build a Concurrent file transfer server(processes) - Create separate processes to allow a server to handle multiple clients concurrently

NETWORK PROGRAMMING EXERCISE -IV USING PROTOCOL DESIGN 2.7

Design a reliable data transfer protocol (Devise, implement and test a protocol that provides reliable data transfer across a network that drops, delays or corrupts packets

Design stop and wait flow control protocol Design a sliding window protocol

2.7.1 NETWORK PROGRAMMING EXERCISE -V WITH PROTOCOLS FROM TCP/IP SUITE Build a domain name system client program

#### PROJECT WORK

CSE 4.2.5 Credits:8 Project: 6 Periods /week Sessional Marks: 50 Univ-Exam-Marks:50

GUIDELINES for preparing the report of the Project Work

#### FORMAT FOR PREPARATION OF PROJECT REPORT

#### FOR

#### B. TECH.(CSE)

#### 1. ARRANGEMENT OF CONTENTS:

The sequence in which the project report material should be arranged and bound should be as follows:

- 1. Cover Page & Title Page
- 2. Bonafide Certificate
- 3. Abstract
- **Table of Contents** 4.
- List of Tables 5.
- List of Figures 6.
- 7. List of Symbols, Abbreviations and Nomenclature
- 8. Chapters
- 9. Appendices
- 10. References

The table and figures shall be introduced in the appropriate places.

#### PAGE DIMENSION AND BINDING SPECIFICATIONS: 2.

The dimension of the project report should be in A4 size. The project report should be bound using flexible cover of the thick white art paper. The cover should be printed in black letters and the text for printing should be identical.

#### PREPARATION FORMAT: 3.

- 3.1 Cover Page & Title Page – A specimen copy of the Cover page & Title page of the project report are given in Appendix 1.
- 3.2 Bonafide Certificate – The Bonafide Certificate shall be in double line spacing using Font Style Times New Roman and Font Size 14, as per the format in Appendix 2.

The certificate shall carry the supervisor's signature and shall be followed by the supervisor's name, academic designation (not any other responsibilities of administrative nature), department and full address of the institution where the supervisor has guided the student. The term 'SUPERVISOR' must be typed in capital letters between the supervisor's name and academic designation.

3.3 Abstract - Abstract should be one page synopsis of the project report typed double line spacing, Font Style Times New Roman and Font Size 14.

- 3.4 Table of Contents The table of contents should list all material following it as well as any material which precedes it. The title page and Bonafide Certificate will not find a place among the items listed in the Table of Contents but the page numbers of which are in lower case Roman letters. One and a half spacing should be adopted for typing the matter under this head. A specimen copy of the Table of Contents of the project report is given in **Appendix 3**.
- 3.5 List of Tables The list should use exactly the same captions as they appear above the tables in the text. One and a half spacing should be adopted for typing the matter under this head.
- **3.6 List of Figures** The list should use exactly the same captions as they appear below the figures in the text. One and a half spacing should be adopted for typing the matter under this head.
- **3.7 List of Symbols, Abbreviations and Nomenclature** One and a half spacing should be adopted or typing the matter under this head. Standard symbols, abbreviations etc. should be used.
- **3.8** Chapters The chapters may be broadly divided into 3 parts (i) Introductory chapter, (ii) Chapters developing the main theme of the project work (iii) and Conclusion.

The main text will be divided into several chapters and each chapter may be further divided into several divisions and sub-divisions.

Each chapter should be given an appropriate title.

Tables and figures in a chapter should be placed in the immediate vicinity of the reference where they are cited.

Footnotes should be used sparingly. They should be typed single space and placed directly underneath in the very same page, which refers to the material they annotate.

**3.9 Appendices** – Appendices are provided to give supplementary information, which is included in the main text may serve as a distraction and cloud the central theme.

Appendices should be numbered using Arabic numerals, e.g. Appendix 1, Appendix 2, etc. Appendices, Tables and References appearing in appendices should be numbered and referred to at appropriate places just as in the case of chapters.

Appendices shall carry the title of the work reported and the same title shall be made in the contents page also.

3.10 List of References –The listing of references should be typed 4 spaces below the heading "REFERENCES" in alphabetical order in single spacing left – justified. The reference material should be listed in the alphabetical order of the first author. The name of the author/authors should be immediately followed by the year and other details.

A typical illustrative list given below relates to the citation example quoted above.

#### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Ariponnammal, S. and Natarajan, S. (1994) 'Transport Phonomena of Sm Sel X Asx', Pramana Journal of Physics Vol.42, No.1, pp.421-425.
- 2. Barnard, R.W. and Kellogg, C. (1980) 'Applications of Convolution Operators to Problems in Univalent Function Theory', Michigan Mach, J., Vol.27, pp.81–94.
- 3. Shin, K.G. and Mckay, N.D. (1984) 'Open Loop Minimum Time Control of Mechanical Manipulations and its Applications', Proc.Amer.Contr.Conf., San Diego, CA, pp. 1231-1236.
- **3.10.1 Table and figures -** By the word Table, is meant tabulated numerical data in the body of the project report as well as in the appendices. All other non-verbal materials used in the body of the project work and appendices such as charts, graphs, maps, photographs and diagrams may be designated as figures.

#### 4. TYPING INSTRUCTIONS:

The impression on the typed copies should be black in colour.

One and a half spacing should be used for typing the general text. The general text shall be typed in the Font style 'Times New Roman' and Font size 14.

\* \* \* \* \*

(A typical Specimen of Cover Page & Title Page) <Font Style Times New Roman – Bold>

# TITLE OF PROJECT REPORT

<Font Size 18><1.5 line spacing>

# A PROJECT REPORT

<Font Size 14>

## Submitted by

<Font Size 14><Italic>

# NAME OF THE CANDIDATE(S)

<Font Size 16>

# in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree

of

<Font Size 14><1.5 line spacing><Italic>

## BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

<Font Size 16>

IN

## COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

<Font Size 14>

## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

<Font Size 12>

# ANDHRA UNIVERSITY AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING < Font Size 14>

**ANDHRA UNIVERSITY: VISAKHAPATNAM - 530003** 

<Font Size 16><1.5 line spacing>

MONTH & YEAR

<Font Size 14>

## **SPECIMEN**

# SOME PERFORMANCE ASPECTS CONSIDERATIONS OF A CLASS OF ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK

## A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

# SANDHY. A

## **GAYATHRI.** R

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree

of

# **BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY**

in

## COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND SYSTEMS ENGINEERING
ANDHRA UNIVERSITY AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
ANDHRA UNIVERSITY:: VISAKHAPATNAM-530 003

**MAY 2005** 

(A typical specimen of Bonafide Certificate) <Font Style Times New Roman>

# ANDHRA UNIVERSITY: VISAKHAPATNAM-530 003

<Font Style Times New Roman – size -18>

<Font Style Times New Roman – size -16>

## BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

<<Academic Designation>>

<<Department>> <<Department>>

<<Full address of the Dept & College >> <<Full address of the Dept & College >>

(A typical specimen of table of contents) <Font Style Times New Roman>

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